**Attention Getter**

1. **What is the attention getter?**This is the opening sentence to your paragraph.
2. **What does it do?**It is designed to attract and pique the reader’s interest in your writing.
3. **How do I write one?**
* Relate a dramatic anecdote.
* Expose a commonly held belief.
* Present surprising facts and statistics.
* Use a fitting quotation.
* Ask a provocative question.
* Tell a vivid anecdote.
* Define a key term.
* Present an interesting observation.
* Create a unique scenario.

**Topic/Thesis Sentence**

1. **What is the topic/thesis sentence?**
The topic/thesis sentence is the core sentence in a paragraph and occurs after the attention getter.
2. **What does it do?**
It introduces the main idea of the paragraph.
3. **How do I write one?**
Summarize the main idea of your paragraph. Indicate to the reader what your paragraph will be about.

Example: **There are three reasons why Canada is one of the best countries in the world.**

**Supporting Details**

1. **What are supporting sentences?**
They come after the topic sentence, making up the body of a paragraph.
2. **What do they do?**
They give details to develop and support the main idea of the paragraph.
3. **How do I write them?**
You should give supporting facts, details, quotations, and examples that are thoroughly explained.

Example**:** There are three reasons why Canada is one of the best countries in the world. **First, Canada has an excellent health care system. All Canadians have access to medical services at a reasonable price. Second, Canada has a high standard of education. Students are taught by well-trained teachers and are encouraged to continue studying at university. Finally, Canada's cities are clean and efficiently managed. Canadian cities have many parks and lots of space for people to live**

**Closing Sentence**

1. **What is the closing sentence?**
The closing sentence is the last sentence in a paragraph.
2. **What does it do?**
It restates the main idea of your paragraph.
3. **How do I write one?**
Restate the main idea of the paragraph using different words.

Example: There are three reasons why Canada is one of the best countries in the world. First, Canada has an excellent health care system. All Canadians have access to medical services at a reasonable price. Second, Canada has a high standard of education. Students are taught by well-trained teachers and are encouraged to continue studying at university. Finally, Canada's cities are clean and efficiently managed. Canadian cities have many parks and lots of space for people to live. **As a result, Canada is a desirable place to live**.

 **Prewriting**

The prewriting stage is when you think carefully and organize your ideas for your paragraph before you begin writing.

**Six Prewriting Steps:**

**1. Think carefully about what you are going to write.** Ask yourself: What question am I going to answer in this paragraph or essay? How can I best answer this question? What is the most important part of my answer? How can I make an introductory sentence (or thesis statement) from the most important part of my answer? What facts or ideas can I use to support my introductory sentence? How can I make this paragraph or essay interesting? Do I need more facts on this topic? Where can I find more facts on this topic?

**2. Open your notebook.** Write out your answers to the above questions. You do not need to spend a lot of time doing this; just write enough to help you remember why and how you are going to write your paragraph or essay.

**3. Collect facts related to your paragraph or essay topic.** Look for and write down facts that will help you to answer your question. Timesaving hint: make sure the facts you are writing are related to the exact question you are going to answer in your paragraph or essay.

**4. Write down your own ideas.** Ask yourself: What else do I want to say about this topic? Why should people be interested in this topic? Why is this topic important?

**5. Find the main idea of your paragraph or essay.** Choose the most important point you are going to present. If you cannot decide which point is the most important, just choose one point and stick to it throughout your paragraph or essay.

**6. Organize your facts and ideas in a way that develops your main idea.** Once you have chosen the most important point of your paragraph or essay, you must find the best way to tell your reader about it. Look at the facts you have written. Look at your own ideas on the topic. Decide which facts and ideas will best support the main idea of your paragraph. Once you have chosen the facts and ideas you plan to use, ask yourself which order to put them in the paragraph. Write down your own note set that you can use to guide yourself as you write your paragraph or essay.

**Writing Paragraphs**The writing stage is when you turn your ideas into sentences.

**Five Writing Steps:**
1. Open your notebook and word processor.
2. Write the topic sentence, supporting sentences, and closing sentence.
3. Write clear and simple sentences to express your meaning.
4. Focus on the main idea of your paragraph.
5. Use the dictionary to help you find additional words to express your ideas.

**Editing Paragraphs**
The editing stage is when you check your paragraph for mistakes and correct them.

**Grammar and Spelling**
1. Check your spelling.
2. Check your grammar.
3. Read your essay again.
4. Make sure each sentence has a subject.
5. See if your subjects and verbs agree with each other.
6. Check the verb tenses of each sentence.
7. Make sure that each sentence makes sense.

**Style and Organization**
1. Make sure your paragraph has a topic sentence.
2. Make sure your supporting sentences focus on the main idea.
3. Make sure you have a closing sentence.
4. Check that all your sentences focus on the main idea.
5. See if your paragraph is interesting.

**Publishing Paragraphs**
The publishing stage is when you produce a final copy of your paragraph to hand in.

**Three Publishing Steps:**
1. Make a paper copy of your paragraph.
2. Show your work to your teacher, tutor, or parents.
3. Ask them for hints on how to improve your writing.

**Paragraph Types**

**Definition Paragraph**
When writing a definition paragraph, you take a thing or an idea and explain what it is.

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| Example: | Write a paragraph giving the definition of a pest. |

**Classification Paragraph**
When writing a classification paragraph, you group things or ideas into specific categories. Example:     Write a paragraph discussing two types of energy resources.

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| --- |
| **Description Paragraph**In a description paragraph, you are writing about what a person, place, or thing is like. Sometimes, you may describe where a place is located. *Examples: Write a paragraph describing what a polar bear looks like.* |

**Compare and Contrast Paragraph**
In a compare and contrast paragraph, you write about the similarities and differences between two or more people, places, things, or ideas.
Example:  Write a paragraph comparing the weather in Vancouver and Halifax.

**Sequence Paragraph**
In a sequencing paragraph, you are writing to describe a series of events or a process in some sort of order. Usually, this order is based on time.
Example:   Write a paragraph outlining how a person becomes the prime minister.

**Choice Paragraph**
In a paragraph where you have to make a choice, you need to choose which object, idea, or action that you prefer. Often, you will need to give your opinion on a choice of actions or events.
Example:    Write a paragraph stating whether you would prefer to play hockey or lacrosse.

**Explanation Paragraph**In an explanation paragraph, you need to explain how or why something happens. Very often in social studies class, you will be asked to explore causes and effects of certain events.
Example:     Write a paragraph explaining why so many Europeans moved to Canada during the nineteenth century.

**Evaluation Paragraph**In an evaluation paragraph, you make judgments about people, ideas, and possible actions. You need to make your evaluation based on certain criteria that you develop. In the paragraph, you will state your evaluation or recommendation and then support it by referring to your criteria. Example:   Write a paragraph evaluating whether pesticides should be used on farms.

For more information on specific tips an techniques for writing different paragraph types, please visit the site below from which all the above information in taken. You may also search for “Tip O Matic” at http://www2.actden.com/writ\_Den/tips/contents.htm for help on writing sentences, paragraphs, and essays.

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