CONRY'S COLLEGE VOCABULARY LIST

		CONKT S COLLEGE VOCADULART LIST		
1.	squalid:	sordid; dirty; marked by filthiness.		
2.	proliferating:	multiplying; rapidly increasing in numbers.		
3.	sanctuary:	a refuge; a place for worship.		
4.	elude:	evade; cleverly avoid.		
5.	ultimate:	final; farthest; most remote in space or time.		
6.	inscrutable:	obscure; not capable of being understood.		
7.	spiel:	an extravagant talk; an oration.		
8.	servitude:	slavery; punishment for a crime; subjection.		
9.	spellbind:	fascinate; enchant; to hold one's attention as by a spell.		
10.	proletariat:	common people, working class.		
11.	delusion:	a deception; a false idea or opinion.		
12.	purge:	to cleanse; to purify; to free from impurities.		
13.	secular:	worldly; not sacred or religious.		
14.	viable:	practical; able to live or to be implemented.		
15.	anathema:	a curse; a vigorous denunciation.		
15. 16.	jeopardy:	danger; peril; vulnerability.		
10. 17.	reflective:	thoughtful; pensive; contemplative.		
17. 18.	benign:	gentle; showing kindness of disposisiton.		
10. 19.	pugnacious:	belligerent; combative; obnoxious.		
20.	dissipate:	scatter; vanish; to waste, as in money.		
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21.	acquiesce:	assent; to accept passively or reluctantly.		
22.	denigrate:	defame; belittle; criticize unkindly.		
23.	munificent:	lavishly generous; liberal in giving.		
24.	capitulation:	surrender; giving up resistance.		
25.	palatable:	edible; pleasant tasting; to one's taste.		
26.	vehement:	forcibly expressed; impassioned; fervid.		
27.	fruition:	accomplishment; realization.		
28.	eradicate:	exterminate; do away with completely.		
29.	despotic:	tyrannical: dictatorial.		
30.	extricate:	to free; remove from entanglement.		
31.	paranoia:	irrational distrust; feeling of persecution.		
32.	malevolence:	malice; hatred toward others; intention to harm.		
33.	tenuous:	insubstantial; flimsy; weak.		
34.	ambivalence:	uncertainty in attitude; fluctuation.		
35.	desiccate:	dry up; dehydrate; to drain vitality.		
36.	replete:	complete; full; abundantly filled.		
37.	recalcitrant:	resistant; defiant of authority.		
38.	cogent:	convincing; valid; forcibly appealing to the mind.		
39.	affluence:	profusion; overflowing of wealth, etc.; an abundance.		
40.	astute:	clever; shrewd; intellectually observant.		
41.	fatuous:	foolish; silly; simple-minded; not intellectual.		
42.	vindictive:	revengeful; spiteful; wanting to hurt or harm.		
43.	meticulous:	giving great attention to details ; mindful of details.		
44.	catharsis:	purification; purgation; cleansing of emotions.		
45.	insatiable:	quenchless; incapable of being satisfied.		
46.	dubious:	doubtful; uncertain in belief or knowledge.		
47.	tepid:	lukewarm; lacking definite warmth; moderate warmth.		
48.	perpetual:	everlasting; continuing forever.		
49.	skepticism:	doubt; uncertainty in belief or knowledge.		
50.	vestige:	remnant; that which is left.		
Any fo	Any form (part of speech) of the vocabulary word may used if appropriate for the sentence.			

51.	clandestine:	secretive; held or conducted secretly.	
52.	expatriate:	banished person; one driven into exile.	
53.	converge:	meet; to move toward one another.	
54.	implicit:	understood without explanation; tacitly understood; implied	
55.	manifest:	obvious; readily perceived by the senses.	
56.	lexicon:	dictionary; book containing words and definitions.	
57.	felicity:	great happiness; state of being happy.	
58.	accentuate:	emphasize; to accent something.	
5 9 .	ephemeral:	fleeting; transient; lasting only a short time.	
60.	eccentric:	odd; strange; deviating from the pattern.	
61.	symbiosis:	mutuality; beneficial union or association.	
62.	debacle:	great disaster; fiasco; a tumultuous breakup.	
63.	delusive:	deceptive; likely to deceive or trick.	
64.	exigencies:	urgent needs; emergencies.	
65.	pernicious:	wicked; deadly; highly injurious or destructive.	
66.	ostracism:	exclusion; banishment; social exclusion.	
67.	ameliorate:	improve; to make better or more tolerable.	
68.	tutelage:	instruction; a guiding influence.	
69.	morose:	expressive of gloom; sullen; unsociable.	
70.	ancillary:	subsidiary; auxiliary; subordinate.	
71.	plethora:	excess; superfluity; an overabundance.	
72.	vivifying:	enlivening; quickening; renewing of life.	
73.	aesthetic:	artistic; relating to or dealing with beauty; appealing to the eye.	
74.	disparate:	different; markedly distinct in some way.	
75.	pedagogues:	pompous teachers; schoolmasters.	
76.	salutary:	curative; promoting good health.	
77.	relegated:	assigned; classified; banished.	
78.	nuance:	subtle distinction or difference; subtle variation.	
79.	precarious:	dangerous; unsafe; hazardous.	
80.	metamorphosis	change in form; alteration of appearance.	
81.	congruent:	equal; harmonious; agreeable; in tangent.	
82.	essences:	prime characteristics; basic qualities.	
83.	syntax:	word order; arrangement of parts of sentences.	
84.	5	irreproachable; not liable to accusation; above reproach.	
85.	generic:	general; common; characteristic of a whole group.	
86.	tandem:	twosome; an arrangement by two.	
87.	rapport:	harmony; relation marked by accord.	
88.	effete:	decadent; effeminate; marked by weakness.	
89.	austerity:	extreme economy; an ascetic practice.	
90.	presumptuous:	audacious; tending to be overly bold.	
91.	voracious:	gluttonous; extremely greedy; insatiable.	
92.	invidious:	hostile; offensive; rousing ill will.	
93.	impermeable:	impervious; not permitting passage.	
94.	aphorism:	proverb; a terse formulation of a truth.	
95.	malaise:	a sick feeling; a sense of mental or moral ill being.	
96.	histrionic:	dramatic; theatrical; relating to the theater.	
97.	gingerly:	cautiously; carefully; proceeding with caution.	
98.	decadence:	deterioration; a period of decline.	
99.	drone:	parasite; one who lives from the effects/good will of others.	
100.	calibrate:	to determine; to measure; to standardize.	
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