



SCHOOL DISTRICT 43 | **COQUITLAM**

SCHOOL DISTRICT & COMMUNITY REPORT

2018/2019



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. **INTRODUCTION TO THE MDI**
2. **ABOUT THIS REPORT**
3. **2018/2019 RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM**
 - DEMOGRAPHICS
 - WELL-BEING & ASSET INDICES
 - SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT
 - PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING
 - CONNECTEDNESS
 - USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME
 - SCHOOL EXPERIENCES
4. **MOVING TO ACTION**
5. **NEIGHBOURHOOD RESULTS**

INTRODUCTION TO THE MDI

WHY THE MIDDLE YEARS MATTER

Experiences in the middle years, ages 6 to 12, have critical and long lasting effects. They are powerful predictors of adolescent adjustment and future success. During this time, children are experiencing significant cognitive, social and emotional changes that establish their lifelong identity and set the stage for adolescence and adulthood. The overall health and well-being of children in their middle years affects their ability to concentrate and learn, develop and maintain friendships, and make thoughtful decisions.

During the late middle childhood years (also referred to as early adolescence), children have an increased awareness of themselves and others. During middle childhood they are developing ideas about how they may or may not "fit in" to their social and academic environments (Rubin et al., 2006). These ideas have the power to either promote health and academic achievement or lead to negative outcomes such as depression and anxiety in adulthood (Jacobs et al., 2008). Although middle childhood is a time of risk, it is also a time of opportunity. There is mounting evidence to suggest that positive relationships to adults and peers during this critical time act to increase a child's resiliency and school and life success.

WHAT IS THE MIDDLE YEARS DEVELOPMENT INSTRUMENT?

The Middle Years Development Instrument (MDI) is a self-report questionnaire that asks children in Grade 4 and Grade 7 about their thoughts, feelings and experiences in school and in the community. It is a unique and comprehensive questionnaire that helps us gain a deeper understanding of how children are doing at this stage in their lives. Researchers working at the Human Early Learning Partnership (HELP) are using results to learn more about children's social-emotional health and well-being. In addition, the MDI is being used across sectors to support collaboration and inform policy and practice.

The MDI uses a strengths-based approach to assess five areas of development that are strongly linked to well-being, health and academic achievement. In addition, the MDI focuses on highlighting the promotive and protective factors and assets that are known to support and optimize development in middle childhood. These areas are: *Social and Emotional Development*, *Physical Health and Well-Being*, *Connectedness*, *Use of After-School Time* and *School Experiences*. Each of these dimensions is made up of several measures. Each measure is made up of one or more individual questions.

Combining select measures from the MDI helps us paint a more comprehensive portrait of children's overall well-being and the assets that contribute to their healthy development. The results for key MDI measures are summarized by two indices: The Well-Being Index and the Assets Index.

The following illustrates the relationship between MDI dimensions and measures, and highlights which measures contribute to the Well-Being and Assets Indices.

- **A measure in the Well-Being Index**
- **A measure in the Assets Index**
- * A measure in the Grade 7 MDI only



SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Measures

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Optimism
Empathy
Prosocial Behaviour ○ Self-Esteem ○ Happiness | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Absence of Sadness
Absence of Worries
Self-Regulation (Short-Term)
Self-Regulation (Long-Term)
*Responsible Decision-Making | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Self-Awareness *Perseverance *Assertiveness *Citizenship/Social Responsibility |
|---|--|--|



PHYSICAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

Measures

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ General Health ■ Eating Breakfast | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Meals with Adults at Home ■ Frequency of Good Sleep | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Body Image |
|--|--|--|



CONNECTEDNESS

Measures

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Adults at School ■ Adults in the Neighbourhood | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Adults at Home ■ Peer Belonging ■ Friendship Intimacy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Important Adults |
|---|--|--|



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

Measures

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Organized Activities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Educational Lessons or Activities | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Youth Organizations ○ Sports ○ Music or Arts | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How Children Spend their Time After-school People/Places Children's Wishes and Barriers |
|--|--|--|



SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Measures

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Academic Self-Concept School Climate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> School Belonging Motivation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Future Goals Victimization and Bullying |
|---|--|--|

CONNECTING THE MDI WITH THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL COMPETENCIES OF THE BC CURRICULUM

Your MDI data provide a unique approach to understanding children's social and emotional development and well-being in relation to the [BC Ministry of Education's Personal and Social Competencies](http://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/competencies) (<http://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/competencies>).

Areas measured by the MDI reflect facets of the "Personal and Social Competency" domain of BC's Redesigned Curriculum, providing valuable information for understanding children's growth and progress within this core competency. The MDI questions provide an opportunity for students to self-assess and reflect on their social and personal competency, including reflecting on MDI concepts, questions, and results.



PERSONAL & SOCIAL COMPETENCIES

Positive Personal & Cultural Identity

Related MDI Measures:

- Connectedness to Adults at Home, School and Community
- Peer Belonging
- Friendship Intimacy
- Empathy
- School Belonging
- School Climate
- Self-Esteem
- Academic Self-Concept
- Importance of Grades
- Friends & Learning
- Self-Awareness
- Perseverance
- Responsible Decision-Making

Personal Awareness & Responsibility

Related MDI Measures:

- Academic Self-Concept
- Self-Esteem
- Self-Regulation
- General Health
- Optimism
- Self-Awareness
- Perseverance
- Responsible Decision-Making
- Assertiveness
- Use of After-School Time

Social Responsibility

Related MDI Measures:

- Citizenship and Social Responsibility
- Prosocial Behaviour
- Empathy
- School Climate
- Connectedness to Adults at School
- Connectedness to Peers
- Self-Regulation
- Assertiveness

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Important Message About 2018/19 MDI Data Trends

In 2018/19, MDI data collection was moved from November to January/February in response to requests from MDI school districts, and this may have had an influence on a range of MDI measures. Improvements were also made to our online data capture and reporting system, and the 'Number of Important Adults at School' question appeared differently as compared to previous years. **We strongly recommend you read our [Data Trends Summary](http://bit.ly/data-trends-mdi) for more information as you interpret your MDI data this year.**

HOW THE RESULTS ARE REPORTED

School district data in this report includes all children who participated within the public school district in 2018/2019. School district data is compared to the **average for all districts**, which includes children from all participating public school districts and any independent schools.

Districts with large populations contribute more in computing the **average for all districts** than districts with smaller populations. Results for large districts tend to be closer to the average for all districts. Please see the table below for a list of participating districts, and note that the average is based on participating districts and **does not** represent all school districts in the entire province.

Where school districts or neighbourhoods contain fewer than 35 children, the results are suppressed. The data in this report have been rounded. Many questions on the MDI allow children to provide multiple responses. Totals for some measures and questions may not equal 100%.

#	School District	# of Children	Participation Rate
5	Southeast Kootenay	390	87%
6	Rocky Mountain	210	88%
10	Arrow Lakes	28	75%
19	Revelstoke	75	91%
20	Kootenay-Columbia	235	79%
23	Central Okanagan	1375	81%
33	Chilliwack	914	87%
35	Langley	1336	87%
37	Delta	991	82%
38	Richmond	1290	83%
40	New Westminster	423	87%
42	Maple Ridge Pitt Meadows	992	87%
43	Coquitlam	1979	85%
46	Sunshine Coast	197	75%
51	Boundary	93	87%
52	Prince Rupert	110	72%
53	Okanagan Similkameen	165	85%
60	Peace River North	325	79%

#	School District	# of Children	Participation Rate
61	Victoria	499	35%
67	Okanagan Skaha	376	85%
70	Alberni	237	85%
71	Comox Valley	495	83%
78	Fraser Cascade	103	79%
83	North Okanagan-Shuswap	440	90%
84	Vancouver Island West	22	78%
85	Vancouver Island North	100	91%
91	Nechako Lakes	174	70%
93	Conseil Scolaire Francophone de la Colombie-Britannique	384	79%
	Independent Schools	68	
	Total	14026	

2018/2019 RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

DEMOGRAPHICS

Population		Gender Identity	
Total Sample	1979	Boys	50%
Participation Rate	85%	Girls	49%
		In another way	1%

A note on how we are asking about gender identity

In the 2017/18 school year, for the first time, children were able to describe *themselves* through choices that included: "boy," "girl" or "in another way."

Following a review of the responses, this question was refined in the 2018/19 school year to instruct children to describe their *gender* as "boy," "girl" or, if they see themselves "in another way," to describe their gender using their own words. This question may continue to evolve.

Languages Spoken at Home

Aboriginal	0%	Cantonese	4%
English	86%	French	3%
Hindi	1%	Japanese	1%
Korean	7%	Mandarin	9%
Other	18%	Punjabi	1%
Spanish	4%	Filipino/Tagalog	3%
Vietnamese	0%		

Total Sample: Refers to the total number (#) of children represented in this report. Children are included in the sample if they complete a question and the data are reported.

Participation Rate: Refers to the percentage of the Grade 7 population that participated in the MDI survey this year.

Gender Identity: Children are asked to describe themselves as "Boy," "Girl" or "In another way." Children may choose not to answer the question at all. Children are able to select more than one response and therefore, in some cases, percentages may not add to 100%. Data are suppressed where fewer than 5 children selected the response.

Languages Spoken at Home: Children are able to select more than one language spoken at home.

Aboriginal Languages: If a child selects "Aboriginal" as a language spoken in the home, they are then asked to identify, if possible, the specific language. Aboriginal Language data are not publicly available.

Other: A limited selection of languages is offered on the MDI questionnaire. The "Other" category gives children an opportunity to enter their own response(s).

WELL-BEING & ASSETS INDICES

Combining select measures from the MDI helps us paint a more comprehensive portrait of children’s overall well-being and the assets that contribute to their healthy development. The results for key MDI measures are summarized by two indices. This section of the report focuses on results for the Well-Being Index and the Assets Index. Learn more about the important relationship between individual measures, the well-being index and the assets index [in the MDI Field Guide](http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/mdo-data/data-primer/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/mdo-data/data-primer/>).

WELL-BEING INDEX

The Well-Being Index combines MDI measures relating to children’s physical health and social and emotional development that are of critical importance during the middle years. These are: Optimism, Happiness, Self-Esteem, Absence of Sadness and General Health.

- MEASURES**
- Optimism
 - Happiness
 - Self-Esteem
 - Absence of Sadness
 - General Health

Scores from these five measures are combined and reported by three categories of well-being, providing a holistic summary of children’s mental and physical health.



High Well-Being (Thriving)

Children who score in the high range on at least 4 of the 5 measures of well-being and have no low-range scores.



Medium Well-Being

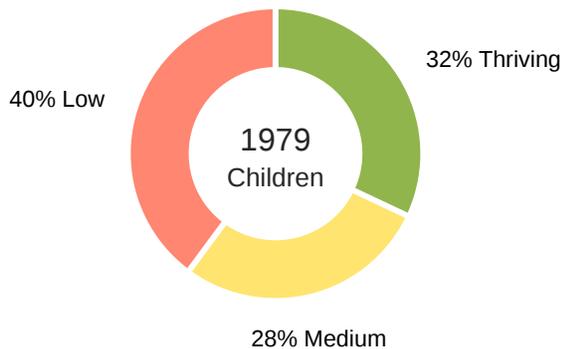
Children who score in the high range on fewer than 4 of the 5 measures of well-being, and have no low-range scores.



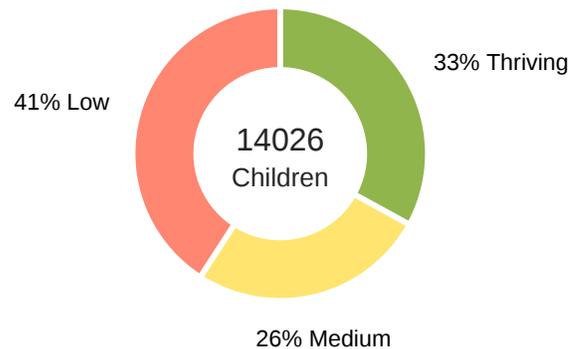
Low Well-Being

Children who score in the low range on at least 1 of the 5 measures of well-being.

COQUITLAM



ALL PARTICIPATING DISTRICTS



ASSETS INDEX

The Assets Index combines MDI measures that highlight four key assets that help to promote children’s positive development and well-being. Assets are positive experiences, relationships or behaviours present in children’s lives. Assets are considered actionable, meaning that schools and communities can focus their efforts in these areas to create the conditions and contexts where children can thrive.

Note: School Experiences are also considered to be an asset that contribute to children's well-being; however, this asset is not reported as part of the Assets Index to prevent the ranking of individual schools or sites. Please refer to the School Climate and Bullying and Victimization measures for data related to this asset.



ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

Adults at School
Adults in the Neighbourhood
Adults at Home



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

Peer Belonging
Friendship Intimacy



NUTRITION & SLEEP

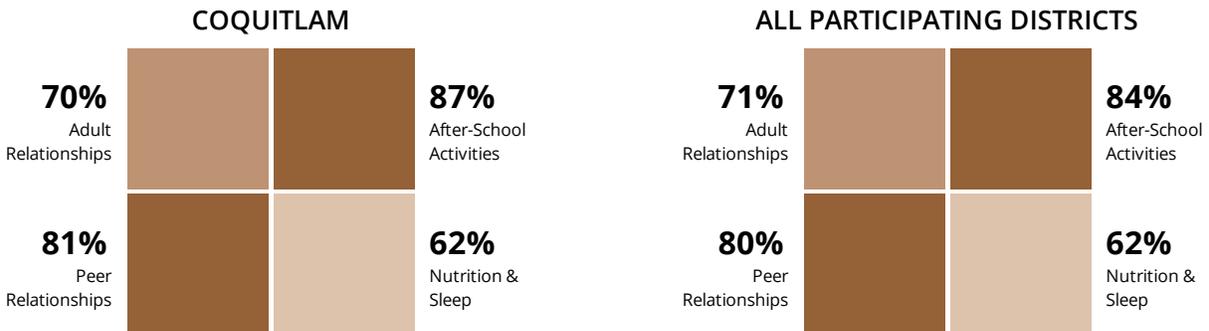
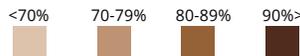
Eating Breakfast
Meals with Adults at Home
Frequency of Good Sleep



AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Organized Activities

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset





SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The development of social and emotional skills, including empathy, optimism and self-esteem, are important for supporting positive mental health during middle childhood and at all ages to follow. These skills help children understand and manage their emotions, build and maintain positive relationships, and regulate their own behaviour. Opportunities to develop social and emotional skills can be created in many supportive environments: at school with teachers and peers, in the home with elders, family or caregivers, and during after-school programs with community members.

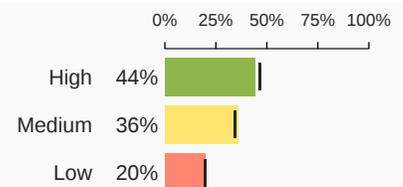
Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Social and Emotional Development are available [in the MDI Field Guide \(http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/social-emotional-development\)](http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/social-emotional-development).

RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

| Average for all districts

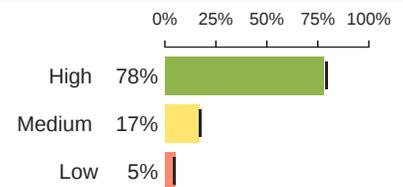
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



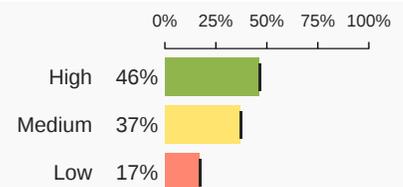
EMPATHY

Empathy is the experience of understanding and sharing the feelings of others. e.g., "I care about the feelings of others."



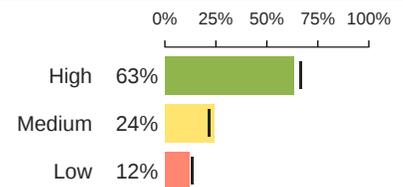
PROSOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

Prosocial behaviour refers to actions that benefit others. e.g., "I helped someone who was hurt."



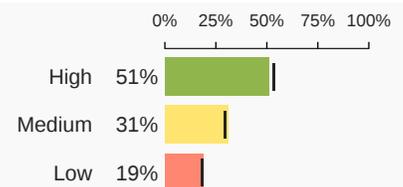
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



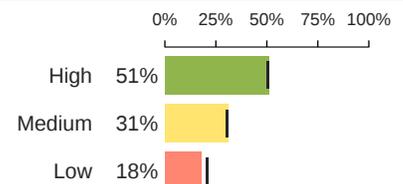
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



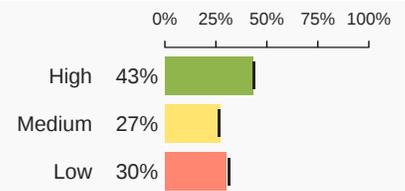
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



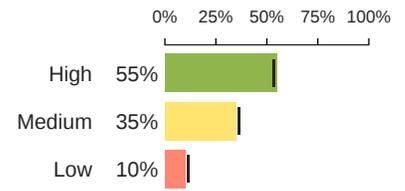
ABSENCE OF WORRIES

Worries measure the beginning symptoms of anxiety. e.g., "I worry a lot that other people might not like me."



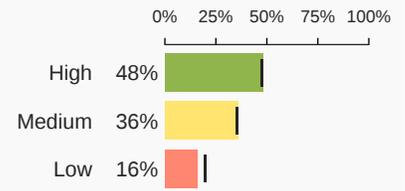
SELF REGULATION (LONG-TERM)

Long-term self-regulation requires adapting present behaviour to achieve a goal in the future. e.g., "If something isn't going according to my plans, I change my actions to try and reach my goal."



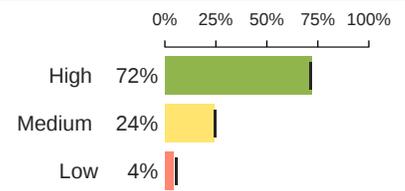
SELF REGULATION (SHORT-TERM)

Short-term self-regulation is about impulse control. It requires adapting behaviour or emotions to meet an immediate goal. e.g., "I can calm myself down when I'm excited or upset."



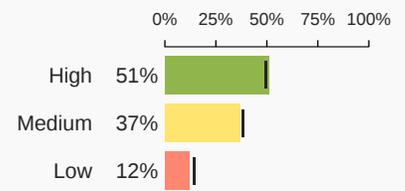
RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

Responsible decision-making is about understanding the consequences of one's actions and making good choices about personal behaviour. e.g., "When I make a decision, I think about what might happen afterward."



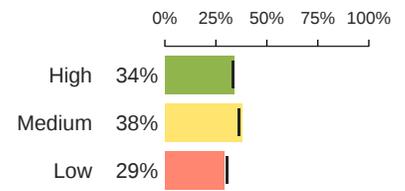
SELF-AWARENESS

Self-awareness is the ability to recognize one's emotions and thoughts while understanding their influence on behaviour. e.g., "When I'm upset, I notice how I am feeling before I take action."



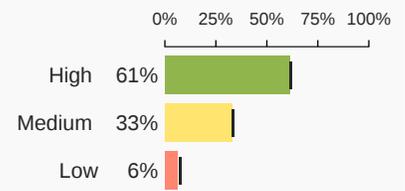
PERSEVERANCE

Perseverance refers to determination. It means putting in persistent effort to achieve goals, even in the face of setbacks. e.g., "Once I make a plan to get something done, I stick to it."



ASSERTIVENESS

Assertiveness means communicating a personal point of view. It includes the ability to stand up for oneself. e.g., "If I disagree with a friend, I tell them."



CITIZENSHIP AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

I believe I can make a difference in the world		I try to make the world a better place	
Disagree a lot	8%	Disagree a lot	3%
Disagree a little	9%	Disagree a little	4%
Don't agree or disagree	23%	Don't agree or disagree	20%
Agree a little	34%	Agree a little	40%
Agree a lot	26%	Agree a lot	33%



RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Social and emotional competencies include children's ability to recognize, understand, and effectively respond to emotions, manage stress and be optimistic. They also include showing concern for others, sustaining healthy relationships, and making effective personal and social decisions (Weissberg, Durlak, Domitrovitch, & Gullota, 2015).

Middle childhood is an important time for promoting self-regulation and problem-solving strategies to help children persevere in the face of obstacles and setbacks. Related skills and strategies learned during middle childhood tend to stick with children throughout the rest of their lives (Skinner et al., 2016).

A Vancouver-based study asked Grade 10 children to volunteer 1-1.5 hours per week with elementary school children. After 10 weeks researchers found participants had significantly decreased their risk for cardiovascular disease. The greatest health benefits were seen in children who displayed the highest self-report measures of empathy and mental health (Schreier, Schonert-Reichl, & Chen, 2013).



PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING

Promoting children’s physical health and well-being in the middle years lays the foundation for a healthy life. Children who report feeling healthy are more likely to be engaged in school, have a feeling of connectedness with their teachers, and are less likely to be bullied or bully others. Children benefit from guidance and opportunities that support the development of healthy habits, which they can carry forward into adolescence and adulthood. These habits include regular physical activity, quality sleep and healthy, social meals.

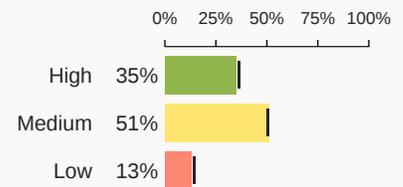
Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Physical Health and Well-Being are available [in the MDI Field Guide \(http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/dimensions/physical-health-well-being\)](http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/dimensions/physical-health-well-being).

RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

| Average for all districts

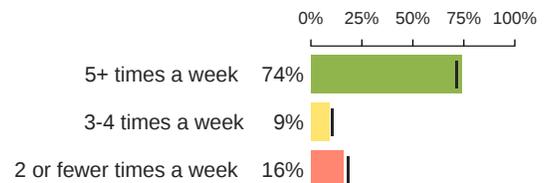
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



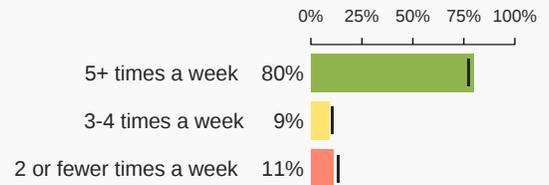
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



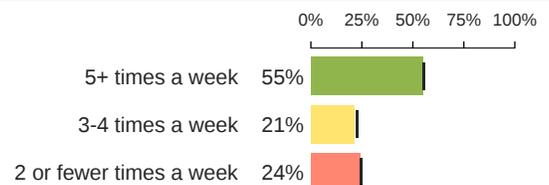
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"

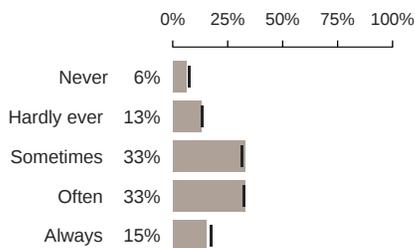


FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

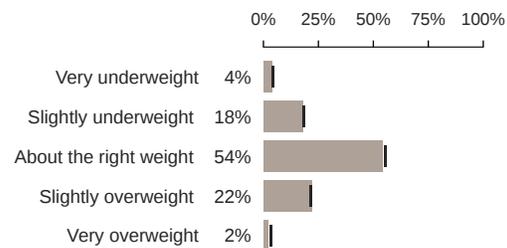
Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"



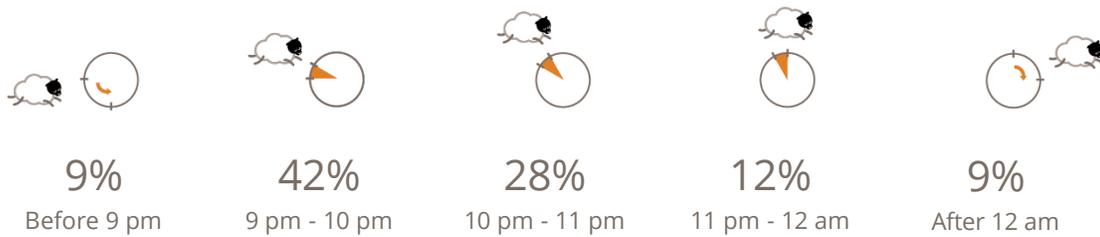
HOW OFTEN DO YOU LIKE THE WAY YOU LOOK?



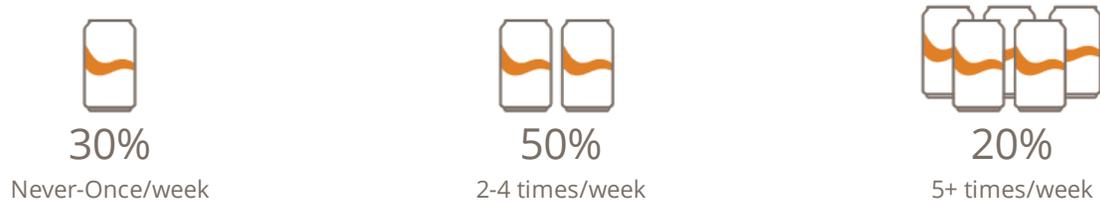
HOW DO YOU RATE YOUR BODY WEIGHT?



WHAT TIME DO YOU USUALLY GO TO BED DURING THE WEEKDAYS?



HOW OFTEN DO YOU EAT FOOD LIKE POP, CANDY, POTATO CHIPS, OR SOMETHING ELSE?



DO YOU HAVE A PHYSICAL OR HEALTH CONDITION THAT KEEPS YOU FROM DOING SOME THINGS OTHER KIDS YOUR AGE DO?

For example, school activities, sports, or getting together with friends. (Children can select all of the options that apply.)

No health condition	87%
Yes, a physical disability	2%
Yes, a long-term illness	4%
Yes, overweight	4%
Yes, something else	5%



RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING

Eating meals together as a family often is related to increased self-esteem and school success, and decreased chance of eating disorders, substance abuse, violent behaviour, and symptoms of depression (Harrison et al., 2015).

Because of changes in the brain that take place around the time of puberty, children are more strongly attracted to junk foods that contain high amounts of fat and sugar than adults (Reichelt, 2016).

Middle childhood is an important time in which children form lasting viewpoints about their bodies as they become increasingly self-aware and self-conscious, comparing themselves to others. Having a healthy body image is strongly linked to healthy self-esteem in both boys and girls (van den Berg et al., 2010).

Children ages 5 to 13 need 9–11 hours of uninterrupted sleep a night (Hirshkowitz et al., 2015). When children do not get enough sleep they are more likely to have troubles at school, be involved in family disagreements, and display symptoms of depression (Smaldone, Honig, & Byrne, 2007).



CONNECTEDNESS

Strong and supportive social connections play an important role in children’s healthy development. Close relationships and a sense of belonging with adults and peers at home, in school, and in the community, can promote positive mental health and minimize risks that may be present in children’s lives.

Having one adult, such as a parent or auntie, an elder or a coach, who cares about them, listens to them and believes in them can make a powerful difference in a child’s life. For children, connectedness to extended family, community, as well as land, language, and culture also play an important role in encouraging a strong and healthy sense of identity.

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Connectedness is available [in the MDI Field Guide \(http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/connectedness\)](http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/connectedness).

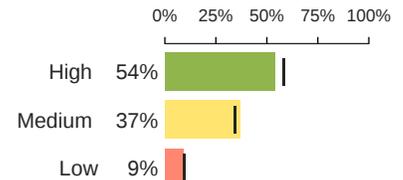
RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

| Average for all districts

CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS

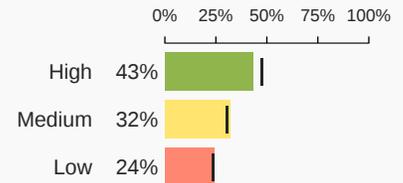
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



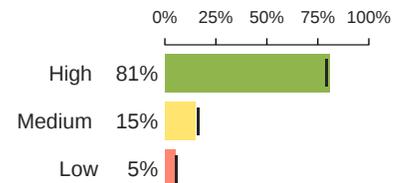
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."

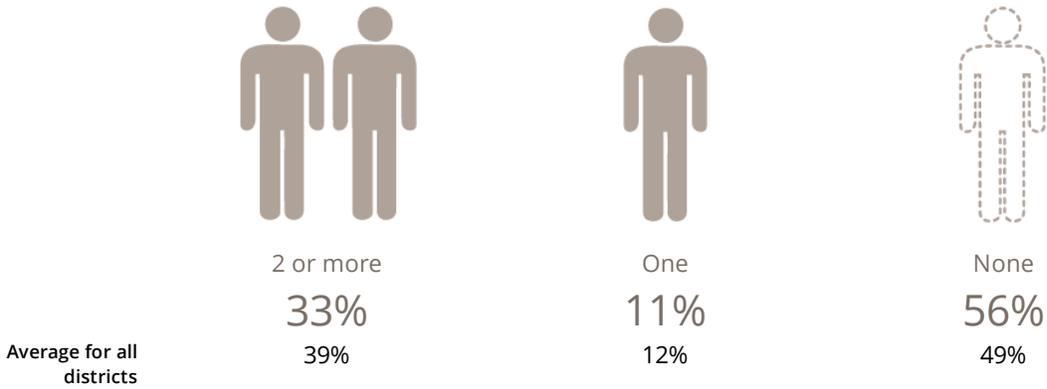


ADULTS AT HOME

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



NUMBER OF IMPORTANT ADULTS AT SCHOOL



In 2018/19, the 'Number of Important Adults at School' question appeared differently on the online questionnaire as compared to previous years. MDI data collection was also moved from November to January/February, which may have had an influence on the responses to this question. **We strongly recommend you read our [Data Trends Summary \(http://bit.ly/data-trends-mdi\)](http://bit.ly/data-trends-mdi) for more information as you interpret your MDI data this year.**

WHAT MAKES AN ADULT IMPORTANT TO YOU?

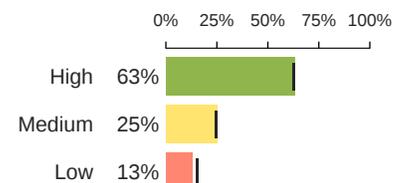
(Children can select all the options that apply)

	At School	At Home
This person teaches me how to do things that I don't know.	73%	77%
I can share personal things and private feelings with this person.	29%	77%
This person likes me the way I am.	52%	83%
This person encourages me to pursue my goals and future plans.	57%	80%
I get to do a lot of fun things with this person or because of this person.	38%	76%
The person is like who I want to be when I am an adult.	20%	51%
The person is always fair to me and others.	55%	69%
The person stands up for me and others when we need it.	32%	69%
The person lets me make decisions for myself.	48%	73%

CONNECTEDNESS WITH PEERS

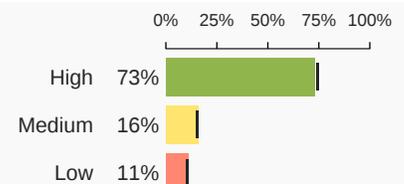
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."





RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS CONNECTEDNESS

Children who do not feel part of a group or feel cast out by their own group are at risk of anxiety and depression. They are also at higher risk of low school attendance and future school drop-out (Viega et al., 2014).

Social competencies and friendship-building skills can buffer children against bullying, anxiety and depression (Guhn et al., 2013).

Strong social connections in adolescence are a better predictor of well-being in adulthood than their academic achievement (Olsson, 2013).

For younger students during elementary and middle school years, a nurturing and caring relationship with a classroom teacher is vital. Connections with warm and accepting teachers enhance emotional well-being, increase motivation, engagement, and success in school for children in early adolescence. They are also buffers for children who are experiencing mental health problems (Oberle, 2018).



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

Participation in activities after school provides important developmental experiences for children in their middle years. These activities create a variety of opportunities for children to build relationship skills and gain competencies. Research has consistently found that children who are engaged in after-school activities are more likely to experience greater academic and social success.

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Use of After-School Time is available [in the MDI Field Guide \(http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/after-school-time\)](http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/after-school-time).

RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

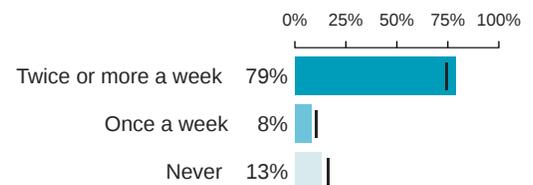
| Average for all districts

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in?":

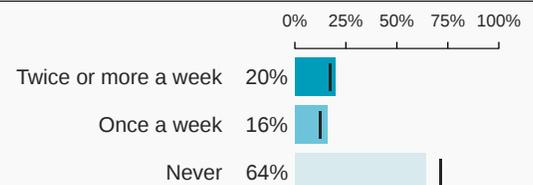
ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



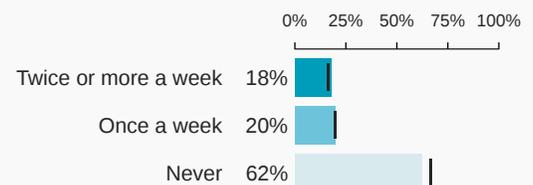
EDUCATIONAL LESSONS OR ACTIVITIES

For example: Tutoring, attending a math school, foreign language lessons, or some other academic related activity.



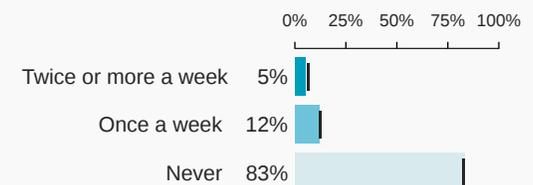
MUSIC OR ART LESSONS

For example: Drawing or painting classes, musical instrument lessons or some other activity related to music or art.



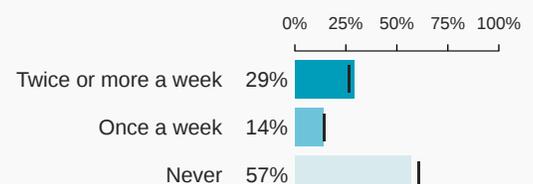
YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS

For example: Scouts, Girl Guides, Boys and Girls Clubs, or some other group organization.



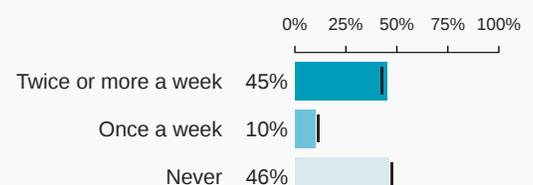
INDIVIDUAL SPORTS (WITH A COACH OR INSTRUCTOR)

For example: Swimming, dance, gymnastics, ice skating, tennis or another individual sport.



TEAM SPORTS (WITH A COACH OR INSTRUCTOR)

For example: Basketball, hockey, soccer, football, or another team sport.



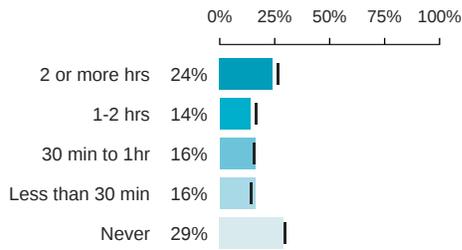
HOW CHILDREN SPEND THEIR TIME

Children were asked how they spend their time during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

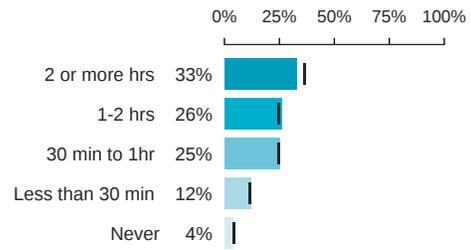
Percentage of children who reported:

COMPUTER USE & TV

VIDEO OR COMPUTER GAMES

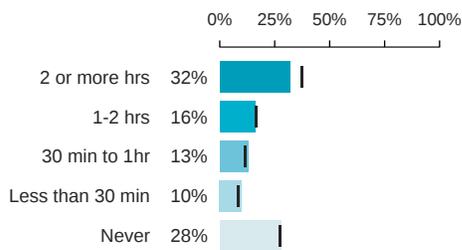


WATCH TV, NETFLIX, YOUTUBE OR SOMETHING ELSE

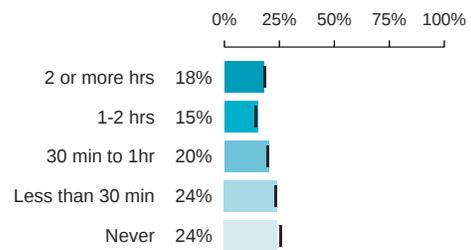


SOCIALIZING WITH FRIENDS

HANG OUT WITH FRIENDS

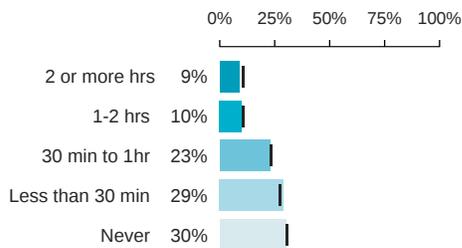


USE A PHONE OR INTERNET TO TEXT OR CHAT WITH FRIENDS

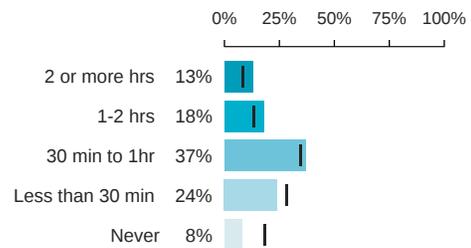


READING & HOMEWORK

READ FOR FUN

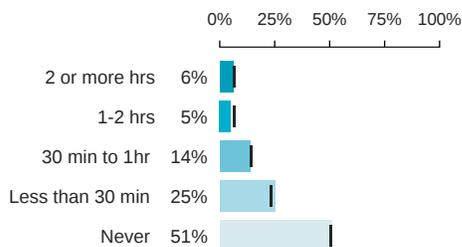


DO HOMEWORK

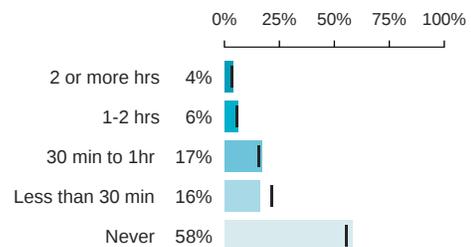


ARTS & MUSIC

ARTS & CRAFTS

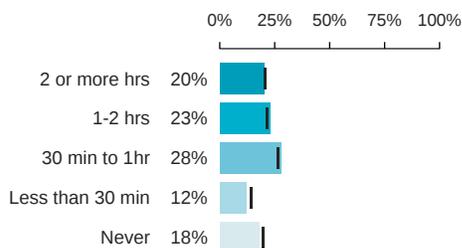


PRACTICE A MUSICAL INSTRUMENT



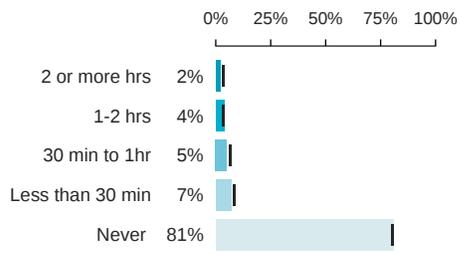
SPORTS

PLAY SPORTS OR EXERCISE FOR FUN

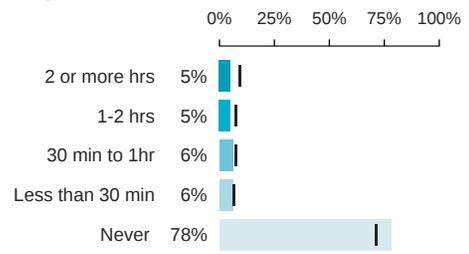


WORKING & VOLUNTEERING

VOLUNTEER



WORK AT A JOB



WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

81%

I wish I could do additional activities

24%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

5%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

(Number of students)

Computer/Video Games/TV	9
Friends and playing	67
Physical and/or outdoor activities	210
Music and arts	83
Time with family at home	2
Work related activities/volunteering	16
Free time/relaxing	12
Other	15

WHERE WOULD YOU LIKE THIS ACTIVITY TO BE?

(Number of students)

Community Centre	142
Home	109
Park or Playground	85
School	89
Other	165

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	811
I have to go straight home after school	368
I am too busy	507
It costs too much	206
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	523
My parents do not approve	132
I don't know what's available	184
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	145
It is too difficult to get there	159
None of my friends are interested or want to go	331
The activity that I want is not offered	260
I have too much homework to do	363
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	223
It is not safe for me to go	35
Other	166

AFTER-SCHOOL PEOPLE AND PLACES

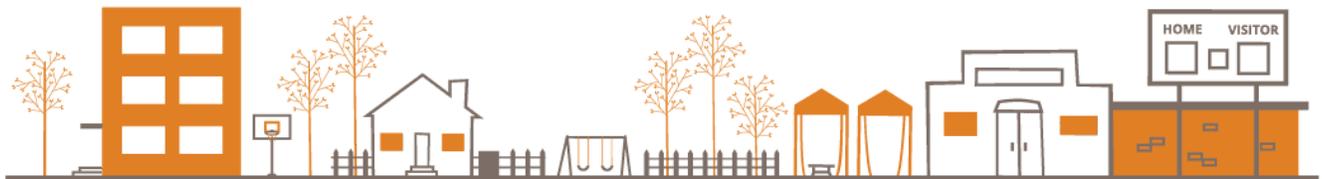
WHERE DO YOU GO AFTER SCHOOL? (FROM 3 PM - 6 PM)

	Never	1x /week	2x +/week
Home	2%	3%	95%
Stay at school for an activity	52%	19%	29%
After-school program or child care	75%	6%	19%
Friend's house	42%	37%	21%
Park/playground/community centre	54%	25%	21%
The mall or stores	50%	34%	15%
Someplace else	51%	27%	22%

WHO ARE YOU WITH AFTER SCHOOL? (FROM 3 PM - 6 PM)

(Children can select all of the options that apply)

By myself	43%
Friends about my age	49%
Younger brothers/sisters	35%
Older brothers/sisters	31%
Mother (or stepmother/foster mother)	65%
Father (or stepfather/foster father)	52%
Other adult (for example, elder, aunt or uncle, coach, babysitter)	9%
Grandparent(s)	11%
Other	8%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

84%
Yes

4%
No

12%
Don't know

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

75%
Yes

6%
No

19%
Don't know



RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS

USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

Participation in after-school programs can result in greater connectedness to school and success in school as well as decreased negative behaviours (Durlak et al., 2010).

Quiet reflection time and daydreaming is just as essential to brain health and development as active and focused activities (Immordino-Yang, 2012).

Children who demonstrate a lack of self-control and problem solving skills may experience the greatest benefit from activities such as music, arts, and sports that help to develop these skills (Diamond, 2014).

A study examining the experiences of children in Grades 1–5 who participated in after-school programs found that children who participated in high-quality, structured after-school programs had increased social-emotional skills, in addition to fewer conduct problems and higher social self-control and assertion (Wade, 2015).

Challenging and enjoyable after school activities can improve youth's ability to reason and problem solve, exercise choice and discipline, and be creative and flexible, which are strong predictors of academic, career, and life success (Diamond, 2014).



SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Children's school experiences are important for their personal well-being and academic success. When children have positive experiences at school they are more likely to believe they have a valued role in the school, feel more engaged in class and achieve higher academic performance. Understanding children's school experiences improves our ability to cultivate school environments that are safe, caring, and supportive.

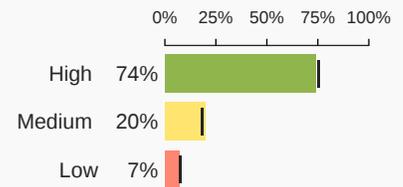
Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for School Experiences are available [in the MDI Field Guide](http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/school-experiences) (<http://discovermdi.ca/making-sense/school-experiences>).

RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

| Average for all districts

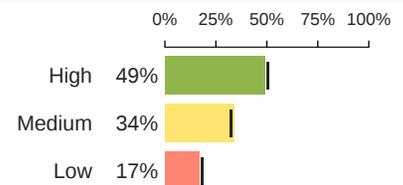
ACADEMIC SELF CONCEPT

Children's beliefs about their academic ability, including their perceptions of themselves as students and how interested and confident they feel in school. e.g., "I am certain I can learn the skills taught in school this year."



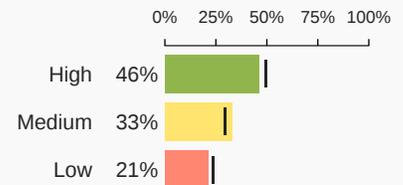
SCHOOL CLIMATE

The overall tone of the school environment, including the way teachers and students interact and how students treat each other. e.g., "People care about each other in this school."



SCHOOL BELONGING

School belonging is the degree to which children feel connected and valued at their school. e.g., "I feel like I am important to this school."



Percentage of children who feel it is **very important** to:



64%

make friends



70%

get good grades



61%

learn new things



I plan to graduate from high school.

97%

Yes

3%

No

Percentage of children who **agree a little** or **agree a lot** that:

When I grow up, I have goals and plans for the future.

80%



I feel I have important things to do in the future.

81%

I plan to graduate from college, university, or some other training after high school.

95%

Yes

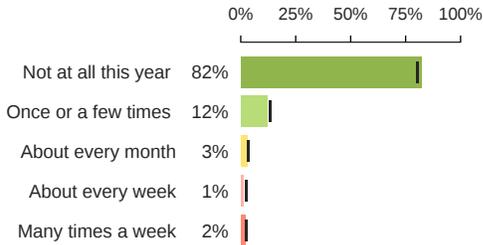
5%

No

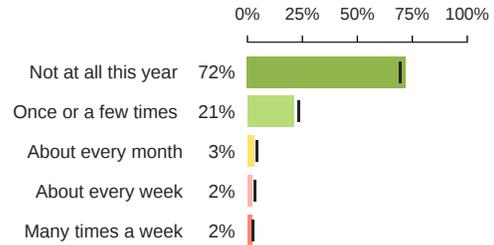
VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL

Children are asked: "During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?":

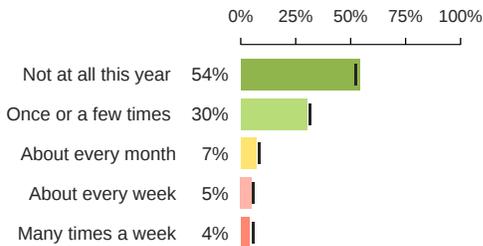
CYBER



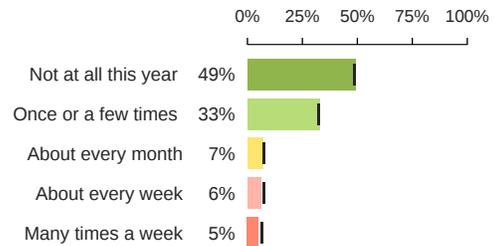
PHYSICAL



SOCIAL



VERBAL



RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Children's perception of kindness within a school is a consistent indicator of a positive school climate. Students who see kind behaviours in students, teachers and staff also describe their school environments as being safe and encouraging places to learn. As children transition from Grade 4 to Grade 8, perceptions of kindness in schools decrease (Binfet, Gadermann & Schonert-Reichl, 2016).

Feelings of belonging are associated with lower emotional distress, the reduction of negative behaviours (such as bullying and mental health issues), and are associated to rates of higher resilience later in life (van Harmelen et al., 2016).

Children and youth who demonstrate empathy are less likely to bully others and are more likely to defend against bullying. Research shows that specific empathy skills differ between those who bully, are victimized, defend or are bystanders. Focusing on developing children's understanding of what others feel results both in less bullying and more defending behaviours (van Noorden et al, 2015).

MOVING TO ACTION

MDI data can support planning, foster collaboration and inform action across schools, organizations and communities. There are many opportunities for working with your MDI results and there are examples of successful initiatives from across the province to learn from.

We encourage you to take time to visit Discover MDI: A Field Guide to Well-Being in Middle Childhood at discovermdi.ca, an online resource where you can access information and research on the many aspects of well-being in middle childhood, resources and tools for understanding and sharing MDI data, and to connect with MDI Champions who are working on similar issues in their schools and communities. Here are some key resources and tools to get you started:

UNDERSTAND YOUR MDI RESULTS

MDI reports provide information with both detail and depth into the social and emotional lives of children. Approach the results with a lens of curiosity, inquiry and appreciation. The MDI Field Guide can [help walk you through how to read the results](http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/mdi-data/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/mdi-data/>) and provide background information during your meaning-making process.

CHOOSING A FOCUS: THINK BIG, START SMALL

It may be overwhelming to consider the many opportunities for change presented in the MDI data. Where will your focus be? What results do you have some control or influence over? How will you make change? We suggest narrowing your efforts to one or two key focus areas for improvement. The MDI Field Guide provides in depth information on the [MDI and its dimensions and measures](http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/mdi-101/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/understanding-the-mdi/mdi-101/>) or access a [full list of research publications](http://www.discovermdi.ca/mdi-references/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/mdi-references/>) to help you start this process.

ENGAGING OTHERS

Increasing local dialogue on the importance of child well-being in the middle years is an excellent way to start improving outcomes for children. Once you are ready, review your MDI report with multiple audiences: children, parents and elders, caregivers and teachers, school administrators, after-school programmers, local early/middle childhood committees, local government and other community stakeholders. Visit the MDI Field Guide for tips and tools to [widen the conversation and to think critically about the data together](http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/sharing/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/sharing/>).

MAKING CHANGE

The MDI provides opportunities to weave together data and local knowledge to create a change process that reflects the unique context of your school, district or community. The Field Guide's 'Making Change Workshops' [support school](http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/school/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/school/>) and [community change-makers](http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/community/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/community/>), through the process of facilitating exploration of MDI data, creating action teams, and turning ideas into concrete plans. There are full facilitation guides for each workshop, paired with worksheets and companion slide decks. [Explore Approaches to Making Change](http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change/>).

SHARING DATA WITH CHILDREN

Do the results surprise you or raise further questions? Conversations with children will help explore and clarify results in these areas. Sharing data with children will provide them with an opportunity to share their perspectives and ideas on how to create environments and interactions that help them thrive. If you are wondering how to involve children of all ages and their families in exploring these results, [explore our Tools page](http://www.discovermdi.ca/resources/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/resources/>).

BE INSPIRED AND CONNECT WITH OTHERS

Innovation happens when people build on ideas, rather than simply duplicating them. Discover MDI provides opportunities to connect with seasoned [MDI Champions](http://www.discovermdi.ca/connect/mdi-champions/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/connect/mdi-champions/>) – check out their advice and submit your burning questions, explore the growing collection of [MDI examples, stories, and downloadable tools](http://www.discovermdi.ca/resources/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/resources/>), and [access training opportunities and webinars](http://www.discovermdi.ca/connect/events-training/) (<http://www.discovermdi.ca/connect/events-training/>). Be inspired, edit, adapt or create new!

If you have any additional questions about the MDI project, please visit our website at earlylearning.ubc.ca/mdi or contact the MDI team at mdi@help.ubc.ca.

NEIGHBOURHOOD RESULTS



Neighbourhoods have unique characteristics that provide important context for interpreting MDI results. Understanding neighbourhood-level differences within a school district or community is essential when considering actions to support children’s well-being. The neighbourhood results section includes:

Neighbourhood Maps

- Well-Being Index Map: representing the percentage of children who are “Thriving.”
- Assets Index Maps: representing the percentage of children reporting the presence of each of the four assets of the Assets Index: Adult Relationships, Peer Relationships, Nutrition and Sleep, and After-School Activities.

Neighbourhood Data Table – a summary table of the Well-Being Index and Assets Index data.

Neighbourhood Profiles – a summary of MDI data based on the neighbourhoods in which children live, including children from all participating public and independent schools. Results are provided for the Well-Being Index, the Assets Index and a selection of questions related to after-school time and community belonging and safety.

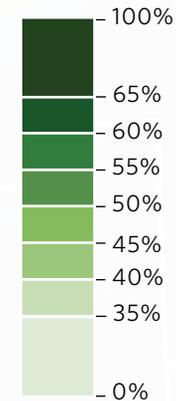
Note that these data are aggregated based on children’s home postal codes, not by where they go to school. Where neighbourhoods contain fewer than 35 children, the results are suppressed.



WELL-BEING INDEX

The MDI Well-Being Index is a composite score of 5 measures that are of critical importance during the middle years. Children who score in the high range on at least 4 of the 5 measures of well-being and have no low-range scores are considered to be “thriving.”

Percentage of Children Thriving



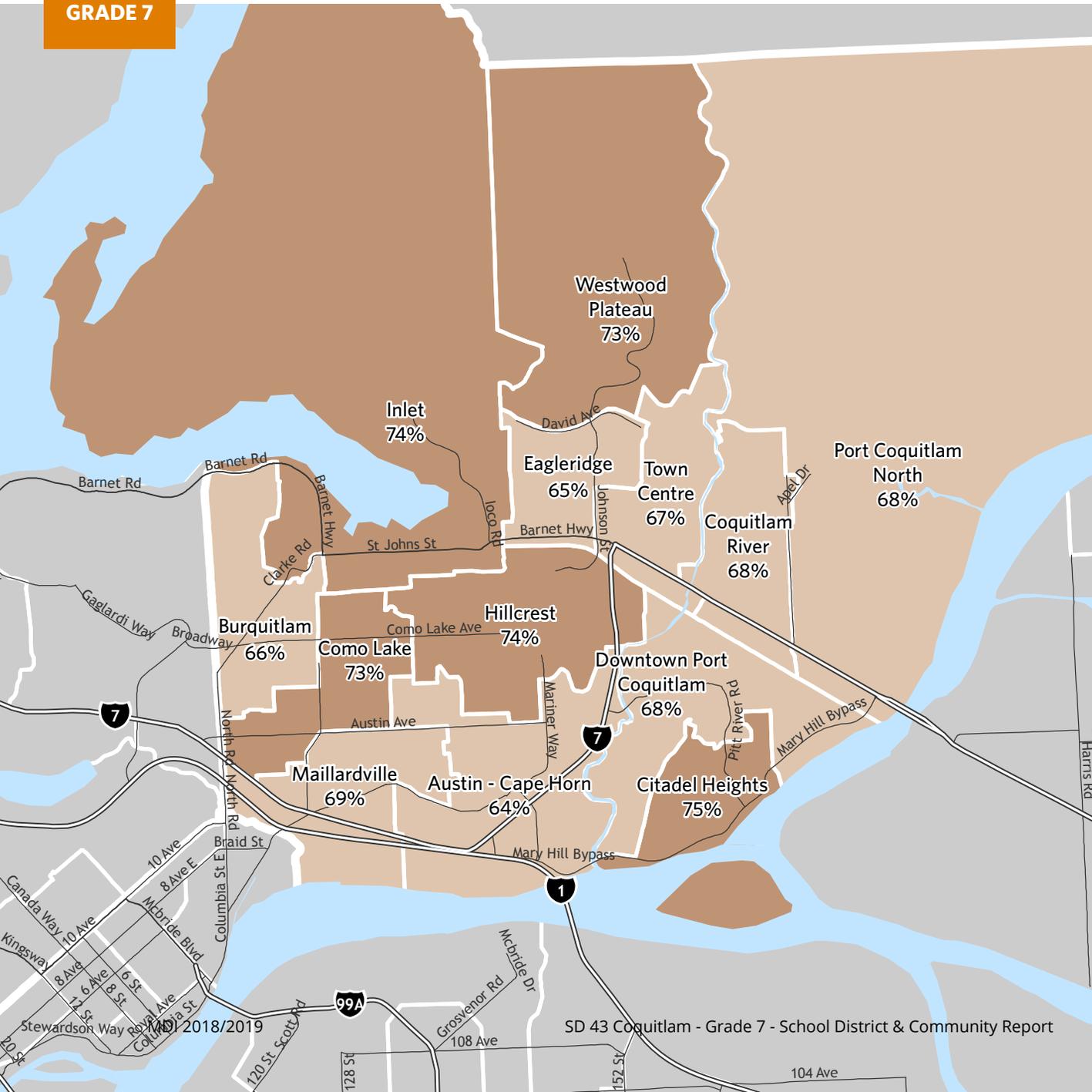
SD 43
32%

All Participating
Districts*
33%

■ Data Suppressed (<35 students)

*See page 6 for a list of participating school districts in 2018/19.

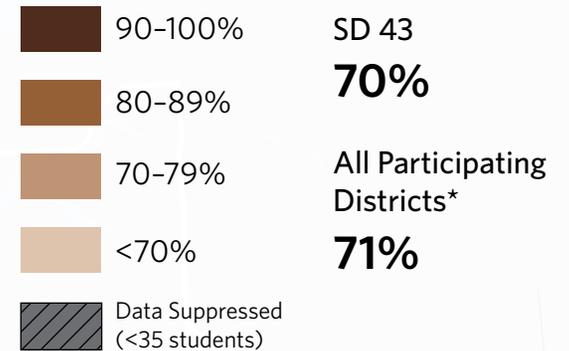
Note: Data are mapped using home postal codes, not by where children attend school.



ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

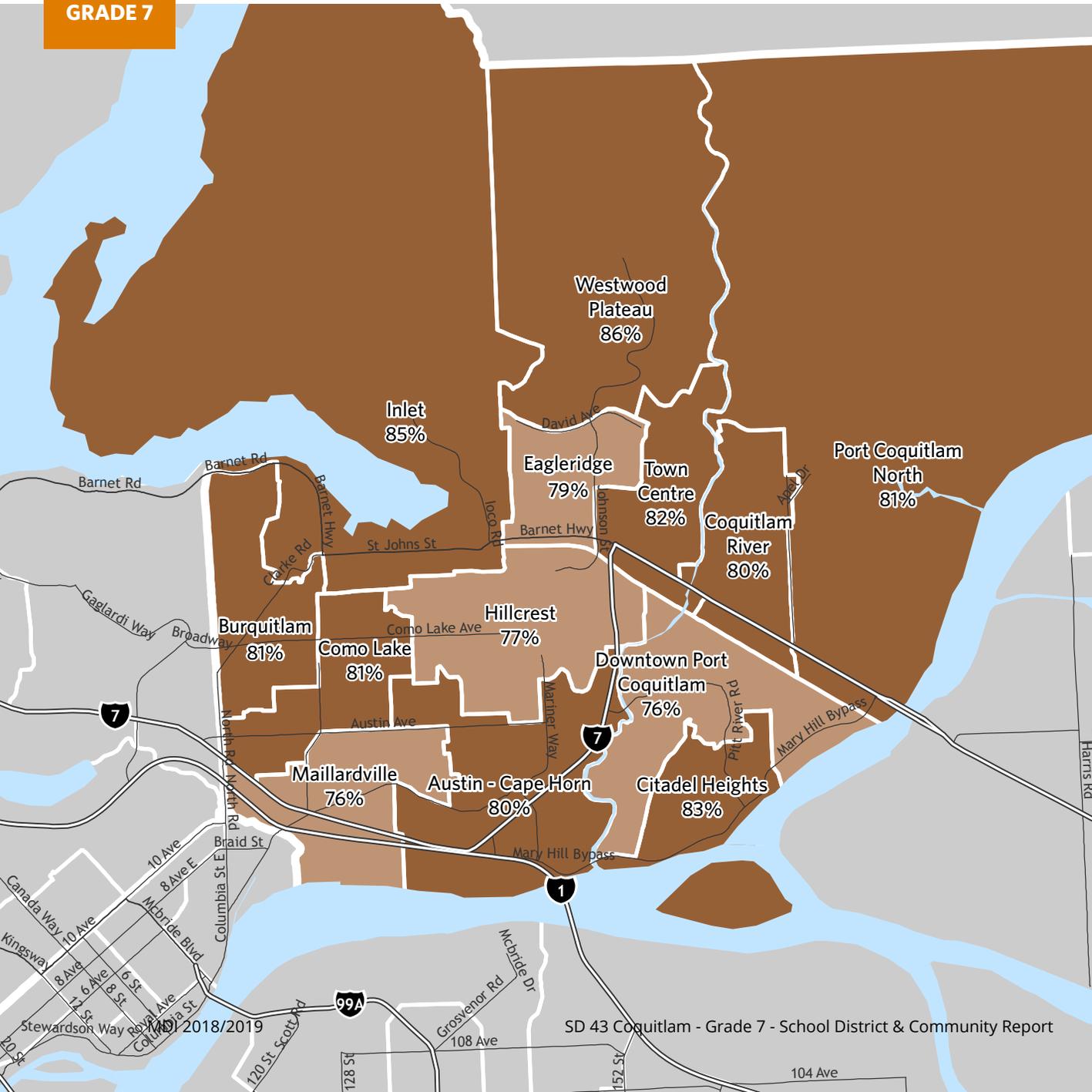
Children's health and well-being are directly related to the presence of adult relationships at home, at school and in their neighbourhood or community.

Percentage of children reporting the presence of the adult relationship asset



*See page 6 for a list of participating school districts in 2018/19.

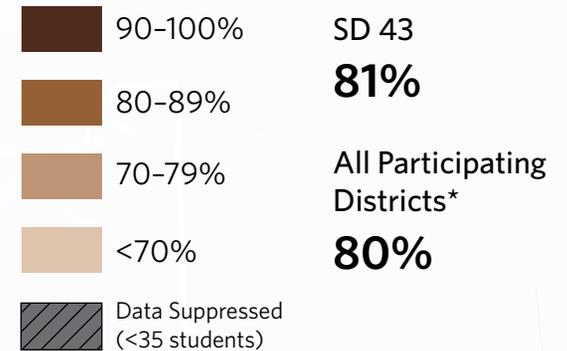
Note: Data are mapped using home postal codes, not by where children attend school.



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

Children's health and well-being are directly related to feeling a sense of belonging with their peers and having close or intimate friendships.

Percentage of children reporting the presence of the peer relationship asset



*See page 6 for a list of participating school districts in 2018/19.

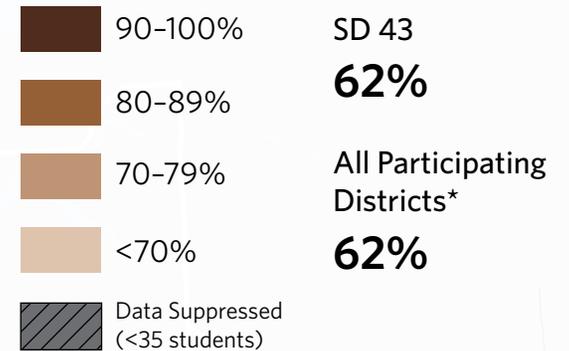
Note: Data are mapped using home postal codes, not by where children attend school.



NUTRITION & SLEEP

Children's health and well-being are directly related to their nutrition and sleeping habits.

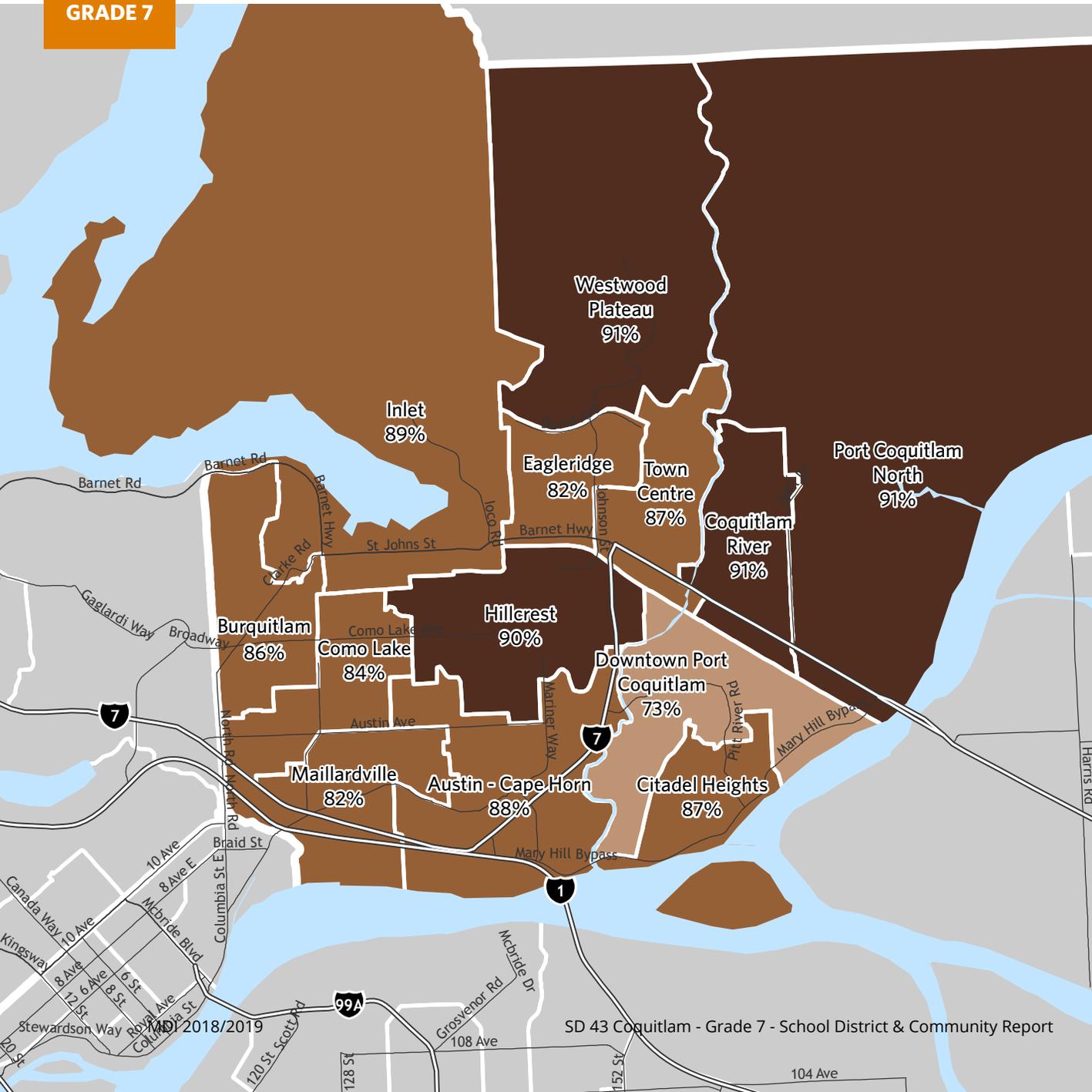
Percentage of children reporting the presence of the nutrition and sleep asset



*See page 6 for a list of participating school districts in 2018/19.

Note: Data are mapped using home postal codes, not by where children attend school.

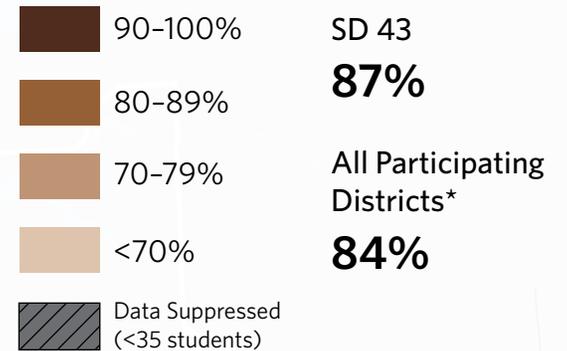




AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children's health and well-being are directly related to the positive activities they participate in during the after-school hours of 3-6pm.

Percentage of children reporting the presence of the after-school activity asset



*See page 6 for a list of participating school districts in 2018/19.

Note: Data are mapped using home postal codes, not by where children attend school.

NEIGHBOURHOOD DATA TABLE

WELL-BEING INDEX

Percentage of children experiencing:



Thriving

Medium to High Well-Being

Low Well-Being

ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of these assets in their lives:



Adult Relationships

Peer Relationships

Nutrition & Sleep

After-School Activities

Neighbourhood	Number of Children	Thriving	Medium to High Well-Being	Low Well-Being	Adult Relationships	Peer Relationships	Nutrition & Sleep	After-School Activities
Austin - Cape Horn	117	30	27	43	64	80	62	88
Burquitlam	141	26	32	42	66	81	65	86
Citadel Heights	92	31	25	44	75	83	59	87
Como Lake	104	30	27	43	73	81	63	84
Coquitlam River	113	30	33	36	68	80	58	91
Downtown Port Coquitlam	101	33	24	43	68	76	57	73
Eagleridge	121	25	27	47	65	79	56	82
Hillcrest	160	35	26	39	74	77	62	90
Inlet	346	41	26	33	74	85	67	89
Maillardville	103	19	30	51	69	76	54	82
Port Coquitlam North	226	30	31	39	68	81	57	91
Town Centre	188	36	26	38	67	82	64	87
Westwood Plateau	144	37	26	37	73	86	71	91
Coquitlam	1,979	32	28	40	70	81	62	87
All Participating Districts	14,026	33	26	41	71	80	62	84

Note: Neighbourhood data are aggregated using children's home postal code. School district data are aggregated by where children attend school. The number of children in all neighbourhoods may not equal the total school district count. MDI results are suppressed where there are fewer than 35 children.



NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE

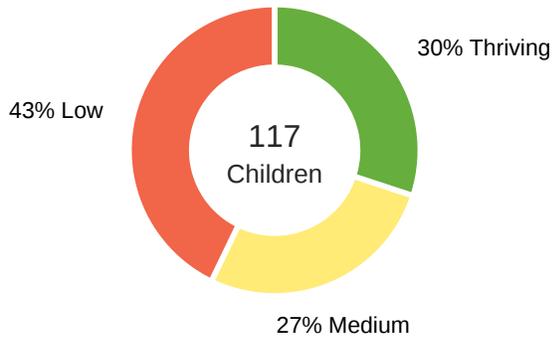
AUSTIN - CAPE HORN

COQUITLAM

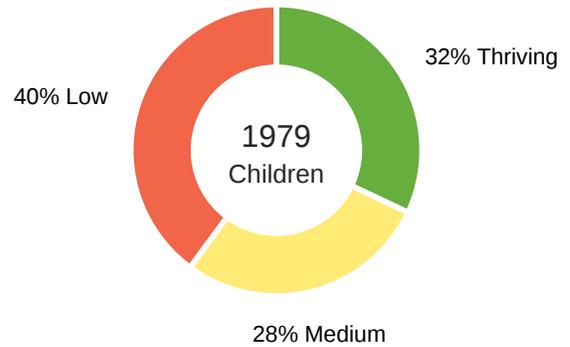
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 117

WELL-BEING INDEX

AUSTIN - CAPE HORN



COQUITLAM

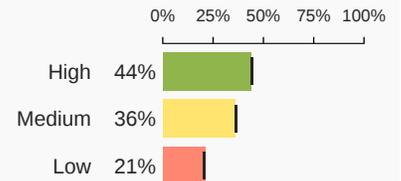


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

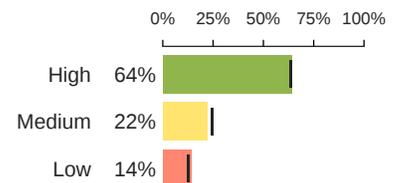
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



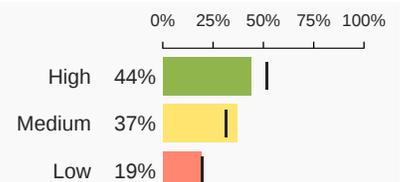
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



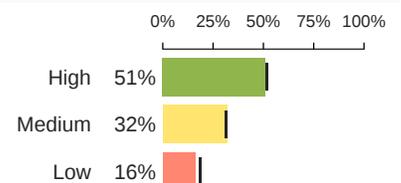
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



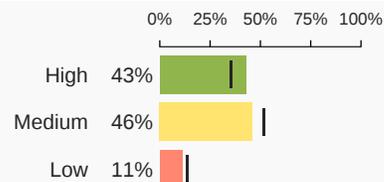
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



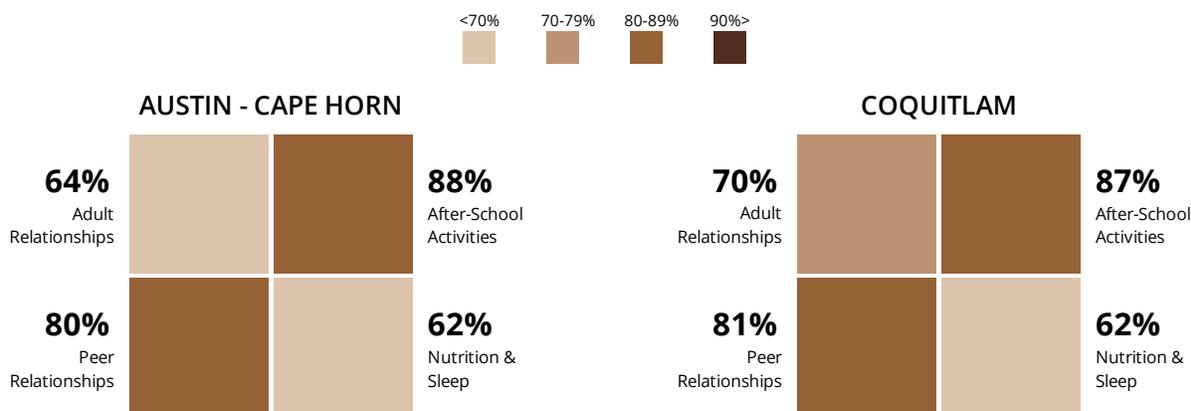
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



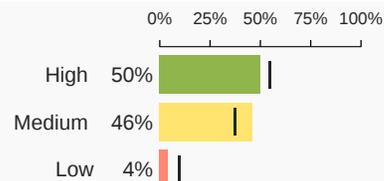
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

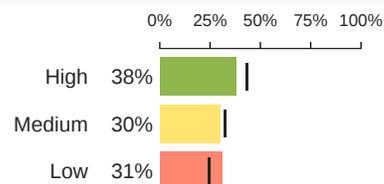
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



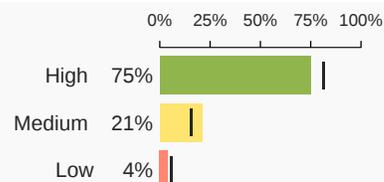
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

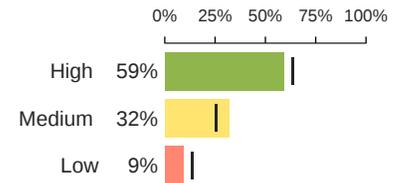
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

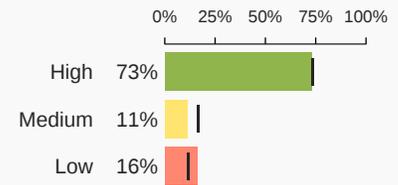
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

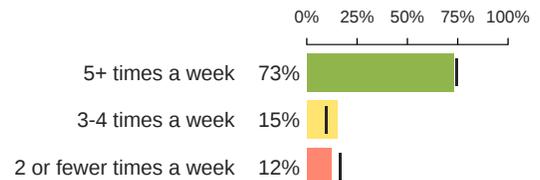
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

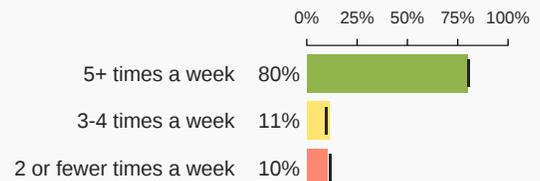
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



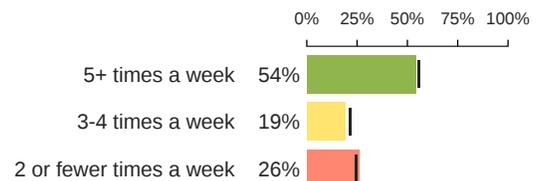
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

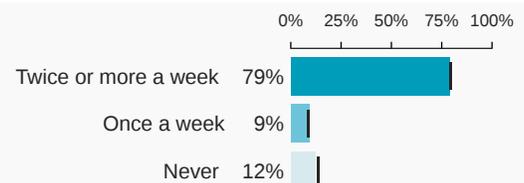


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

82%

I wish I could do additional activities

25%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

6%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	14
Music and arts	4
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	1
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	1

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	52
I have to go straight home after school	22
I am too busy	34
It costs too much	9
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	31
My parents do not approve	7
I don't know what's available	6
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	12
It is too difficult to get there	5
None of my friends are interested or want to go	14
The activity that I want is not offered	9
I have too much homework to do	30
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	9
It is not safe for me to go	0
Other	6

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	70%	10%	20%
Art or music lessons	59%	15%	26%
Youth organizations	87%	9%	4%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	65%	12%	24%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	39%	8%	53%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

73%

Yes

8%

No

19%

Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



16%

Really care about me.



18%

Believe that I will be a success.



16%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

84%

Yes

3%

No

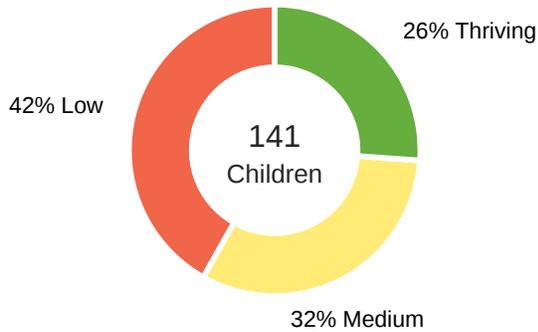
13%

Don't know

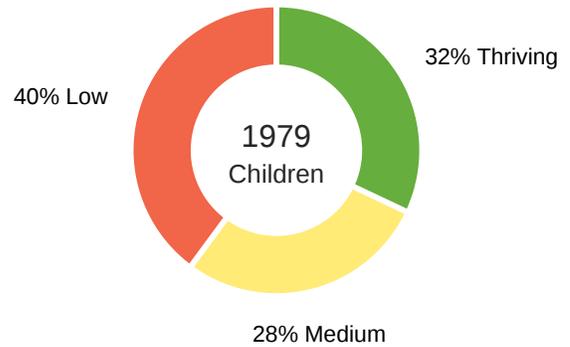


WELL-BEING INDEX

BURQUITLAM



COQUITLAM

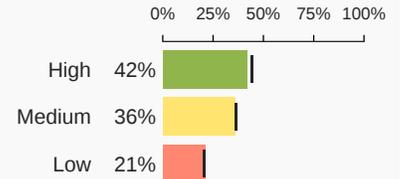


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

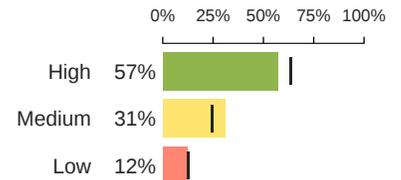
OPTIMISM

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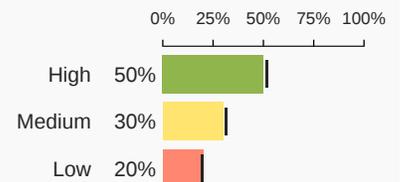
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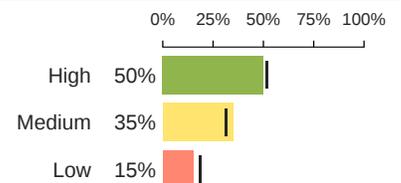
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



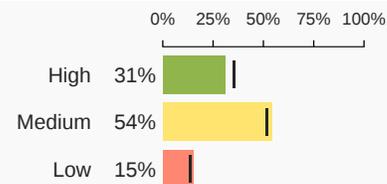
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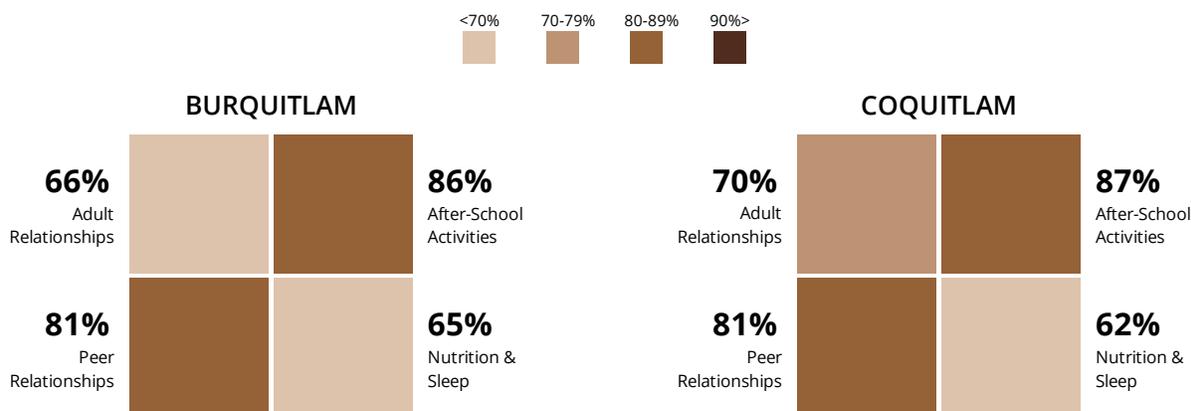
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



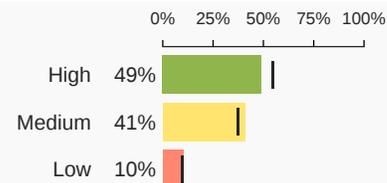
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

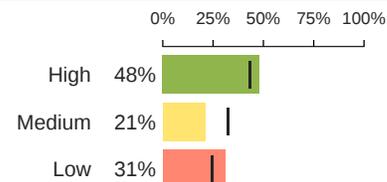
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

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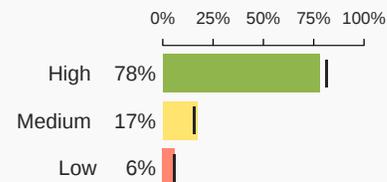
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

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ADULTS AT HOME

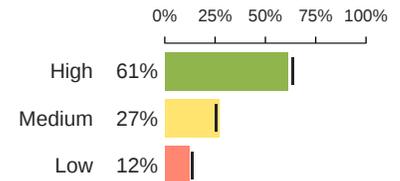
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PEER RELATIONSHIPS

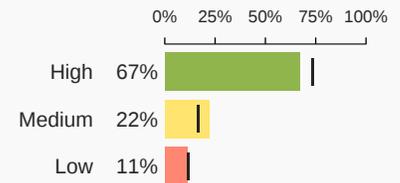
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

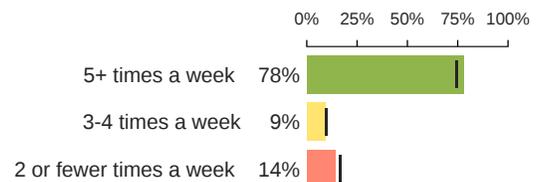
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NUTRITION AND SLEEP

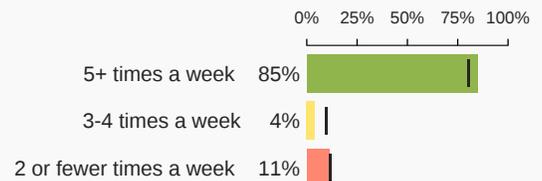
EATING BREAKFAST

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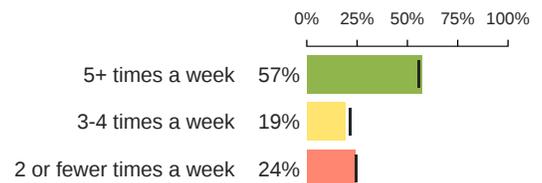
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

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FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

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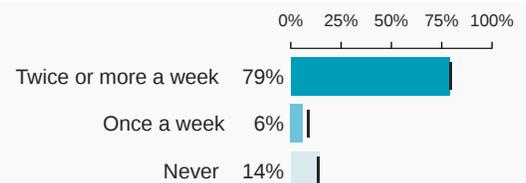


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

82%

I wish I could do additional activities

21%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

4%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	18
Music and arts	5
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	0
Free time/relaxing	1
Other	0

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	74
I have to go straight home after school	18
I am too busy	31
It costs too much	16
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	32
My parents do not approve	6
I don't know what's available	12
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	11
It is too difficult to get there	9
None of my friends are interested or want to go	20
The activity that I want is not offered	16
I have too much homework to do	18
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	15
It is not safe for me to go	4
Other	12

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	73%	10%	17%
Art or music lessons	70%	14%	16%
Youth organizations	81%	12%	6%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	58%	12%	30%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	41%	12%	47%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

72% Yes 9% No 19% Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



25%

Really care about me.



24%

Believe that I will be a success.



27%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

84% Yes 2% No 14% Don't know



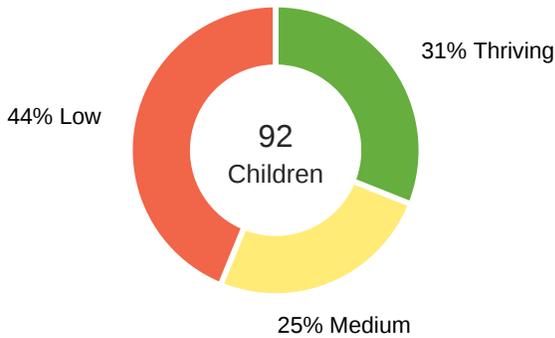
NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE CITADEL HEIGHTS

COQUITLAM

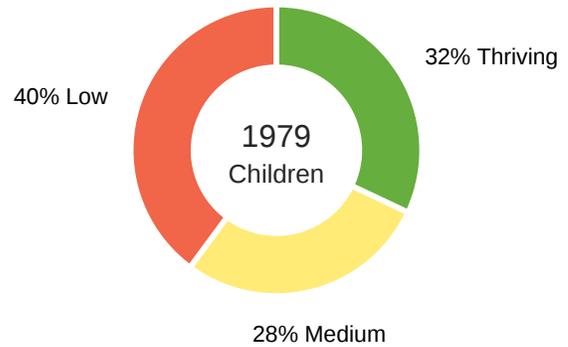
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 92

WELL-BEING INDEX

CITADEL HEIGHTS



COQUITLAM

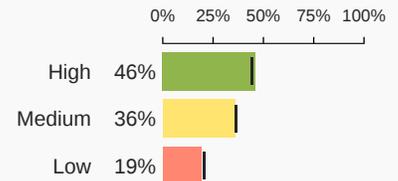


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

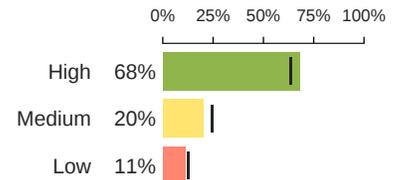
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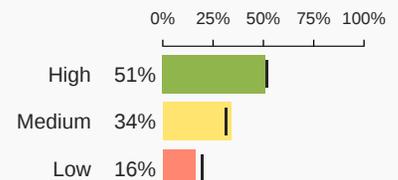
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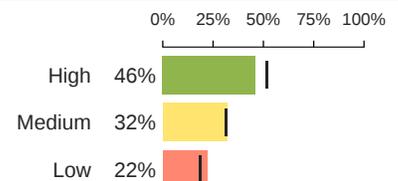
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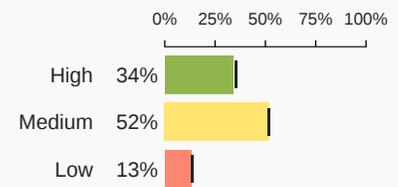
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

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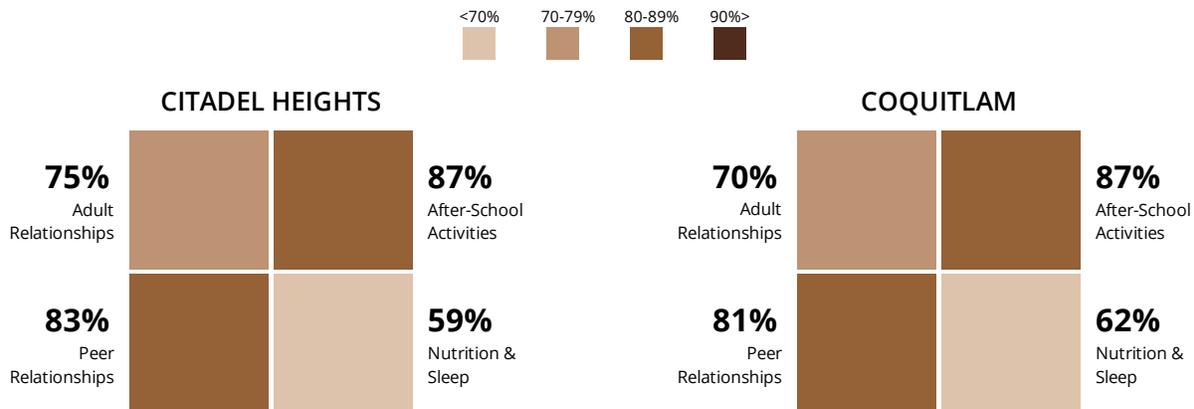
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



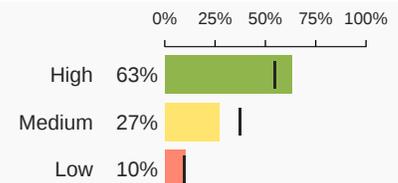
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

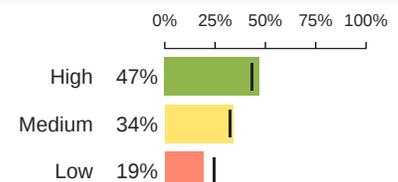
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



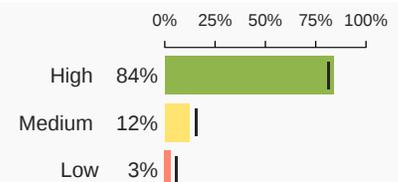
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

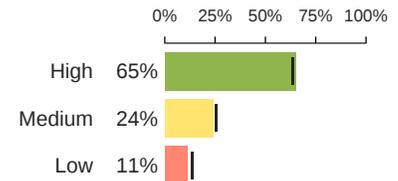
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

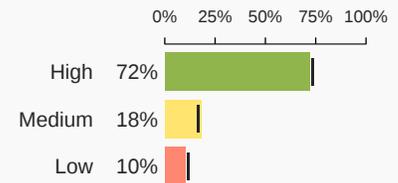
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

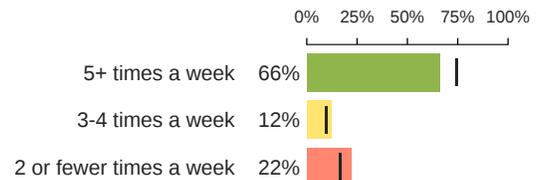
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

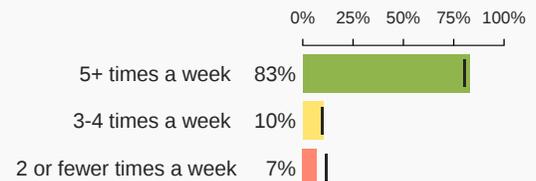
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



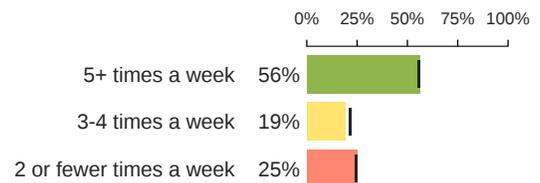
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

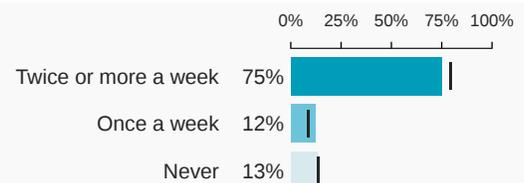


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

78%

I wish I could do additional activities

26%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

5%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	14
Music and arts	7
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	1
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	0

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	43
I have to go straight home after school	20
I am too busy	24
It costs too much	9
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	25
My parents do not approve	3
I don't know what's available	5
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	8
It is too difficult to get there	3
None of my friends are interested or want to go	13
The activity that I want is not offered	13
I have too much homework to do	9
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	10
It is not safe for me to go	1
Other	8

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	68%	17%	15%
Art or music lessons	71%	12%	17%
Youth organizations	80%	11%	9%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	64%	7%	29%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	42%	1%	57%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:



COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



30%

Really care about me.



31%

Believe that I will be a success.



33%

Listen to me when I have something to say.

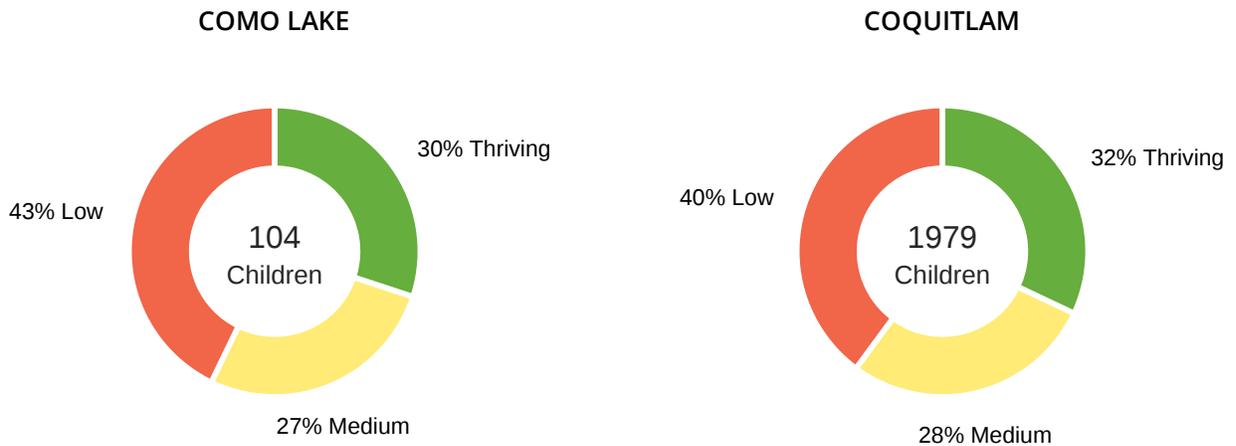


IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:





WELL-BEING INDEX

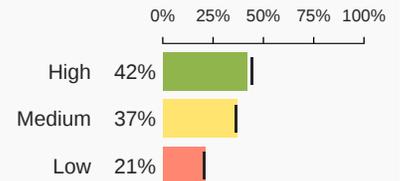


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

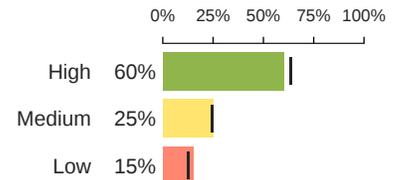
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



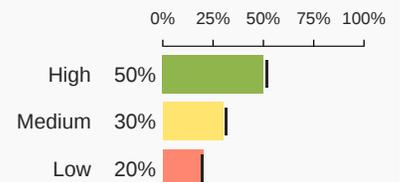
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



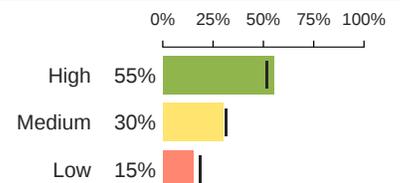
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



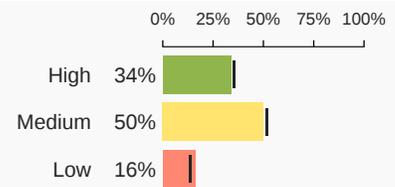
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



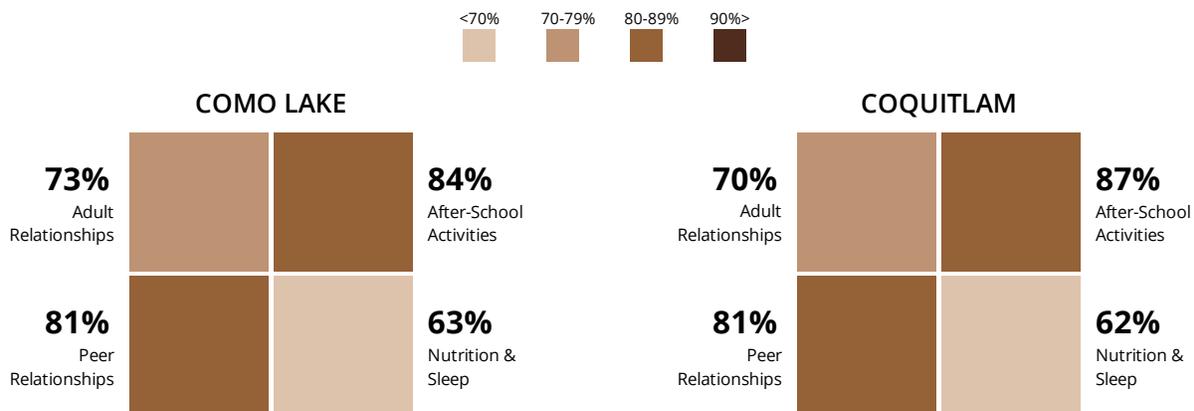
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



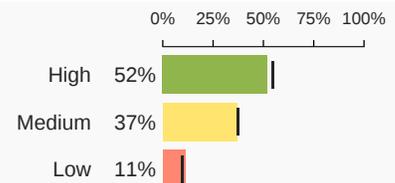
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

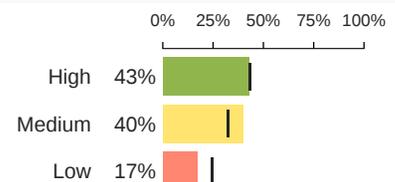
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



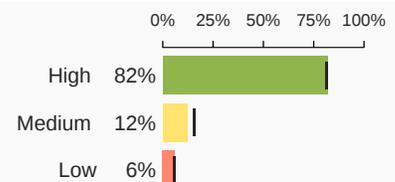
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

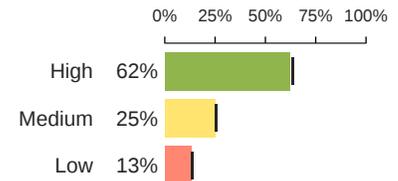
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

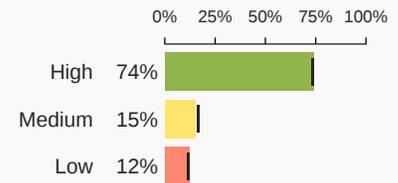
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

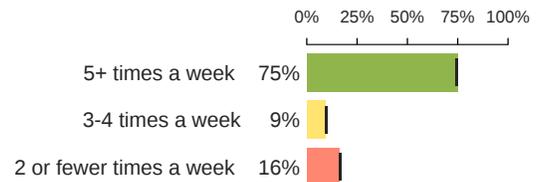
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

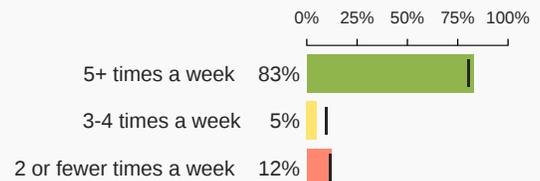
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



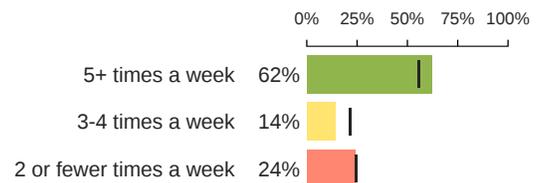
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

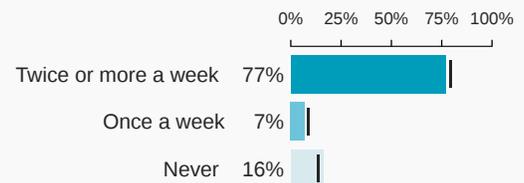


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

84%

I wish I could do additional activities

18%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

2%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	10
Music and arts	3
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	1
Free time/relaxing	1
Other	0

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	44
I have to go straight home after school	21
I am too busy	32
It costs too much	9
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	32
My parents do not approve	11
I don't know what's available	7
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	4
It is too difficult to get there	8
None of my friends are interested or want to go	19
The activity that I want is not offered	14
I have too much homework to do	18
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	15
It is not safe for me to go	0
Other	6

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	63%	13%	24%
Art or music lessons	59%	18%	23%
Youth organizations	83%	10%	7%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	56%	16%	28%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	47%	10%	43%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:



COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



21%

Really care about me.



22%

Believe that I will be a success.



20%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



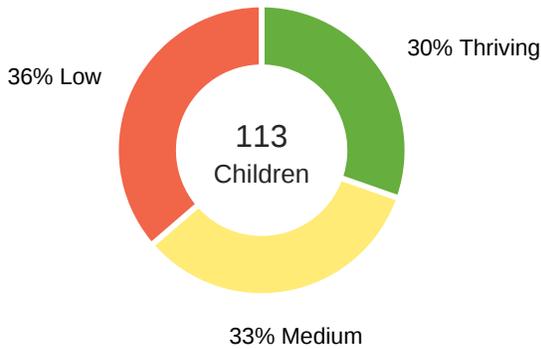
IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:



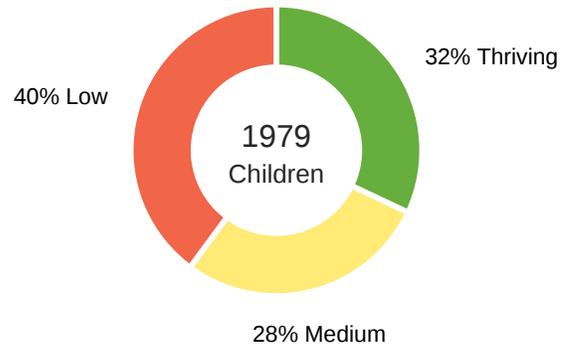


WELL-BEING INDEX

COQUITLAM RIVER



COQUITLAM

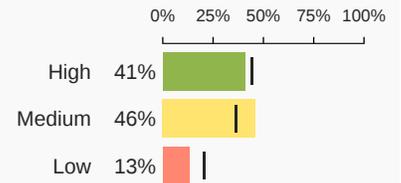


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

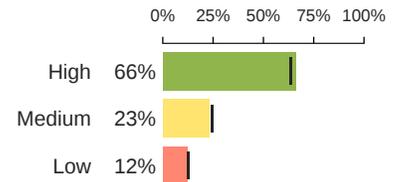
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



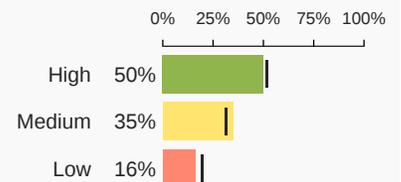
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



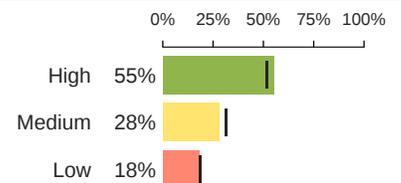
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



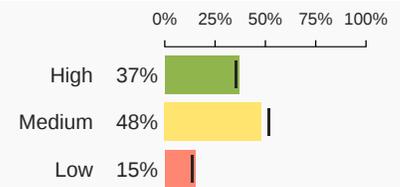
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



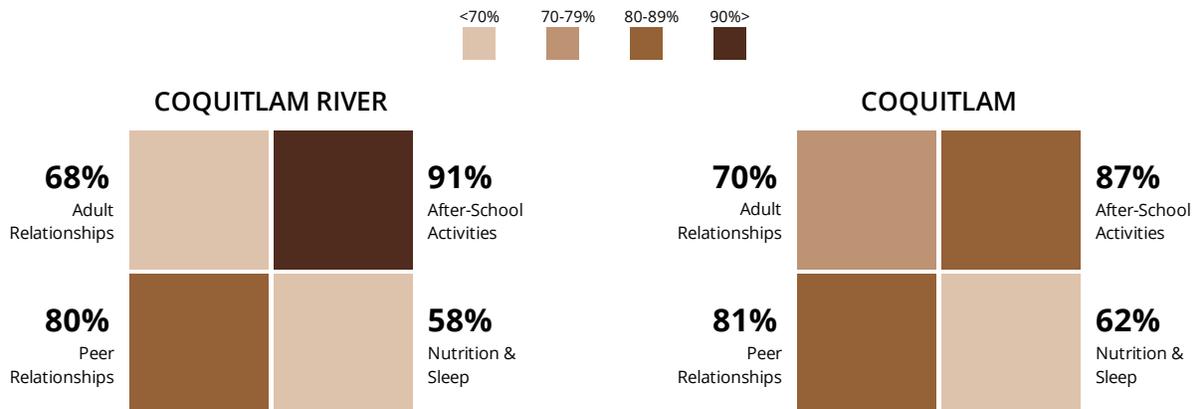
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



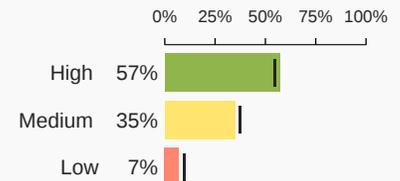
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

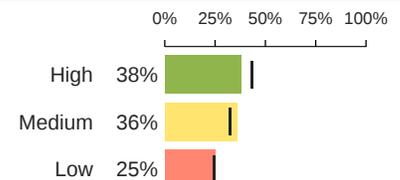
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



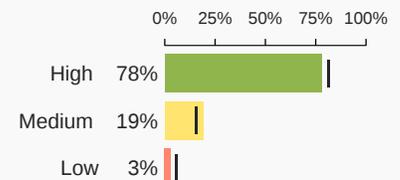
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

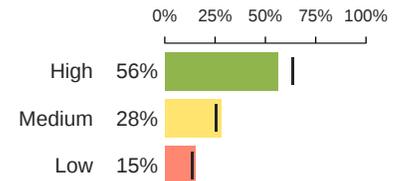
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

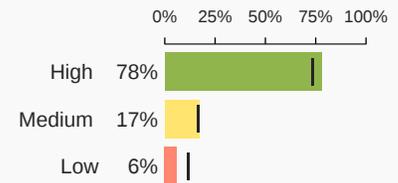
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

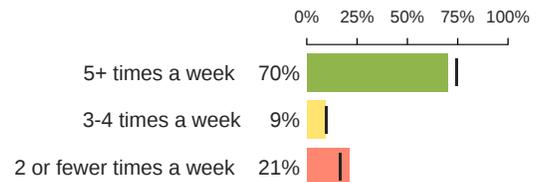
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NUTRITION AND SLEEP

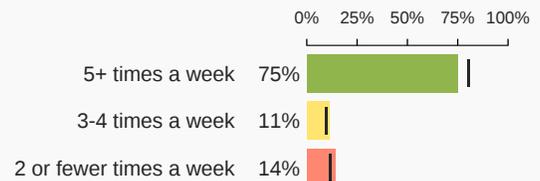
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



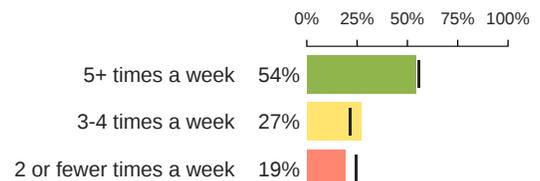
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

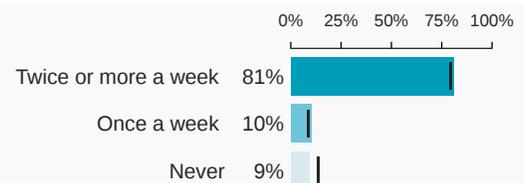


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

75%

I wish I could do additional activities

27%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

2%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	15
Music and arts	4
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	0
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	0

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	42
I have to go straight home after school	14
I am too busy	31
It costs too much	8
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	30
My parents do not approve	9
I don't know what's available	16
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	12
It is too difficult to get there	8
None of my friends are interested or want to go	23
The activity that I want is not offered	15
I have too much homework to do	18
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	15
It is not safe for me to go	1
Other	16

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	65%	17%	18%
Art or music lessons	62%	17%	20%
Youth organizations	74%	21%	6%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	60%	12%	28%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	41%	8%	51%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:



COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



19%

Really care about me.



18%

Believe that I will be a success.



19%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:



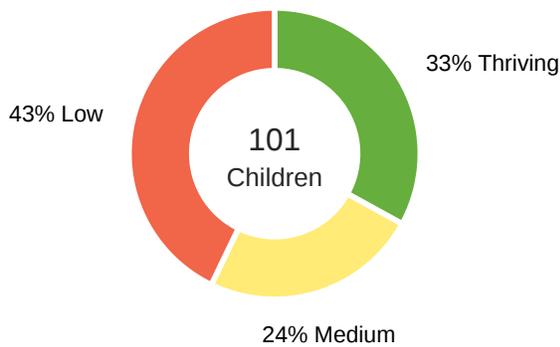


NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE DOWNTOWN PORT COQUITLAM

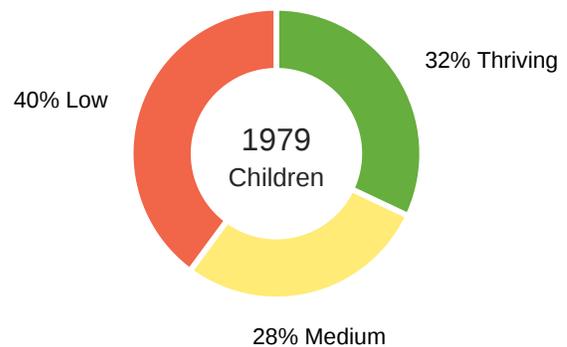
COQUITLAM
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 101

WELL-BEING INDEX

DOWNTOWN PORT COQUITLAM



COQUITLAM

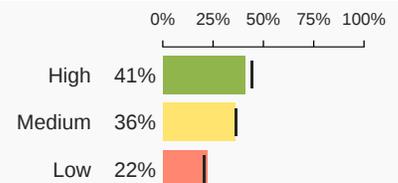


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

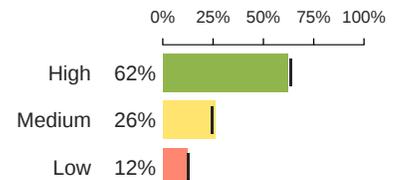
OPTIMISM

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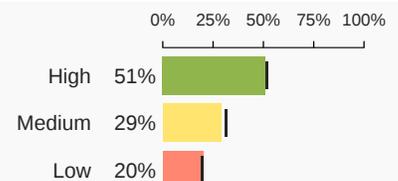
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



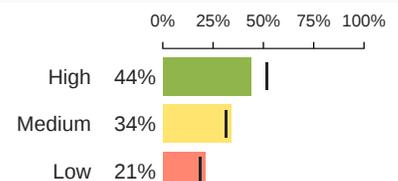
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



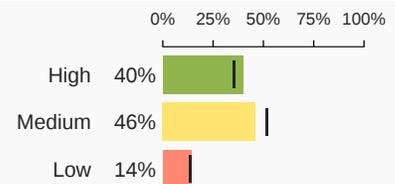
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



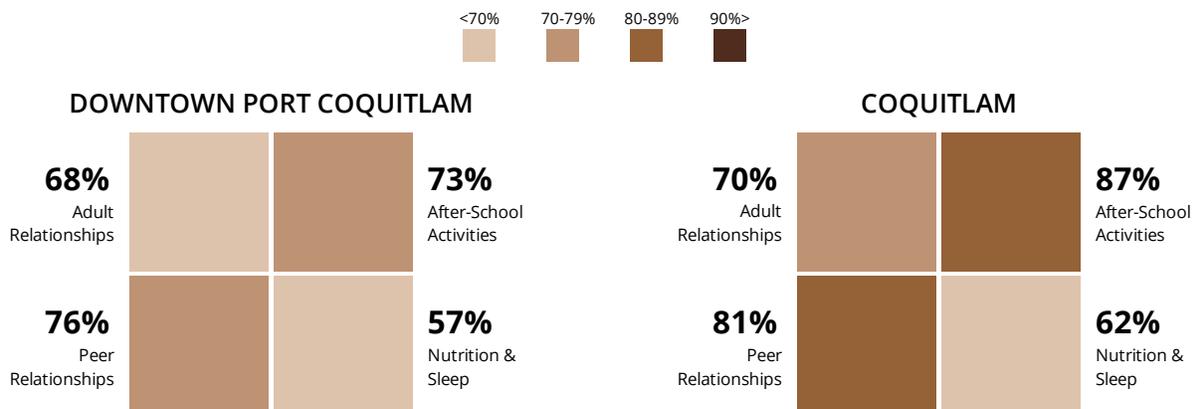
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



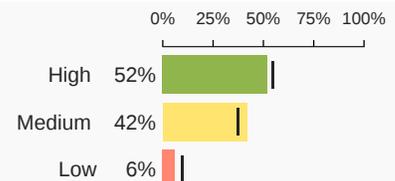
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

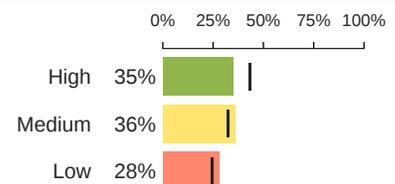
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



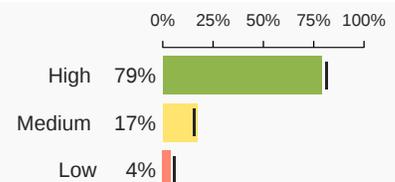
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

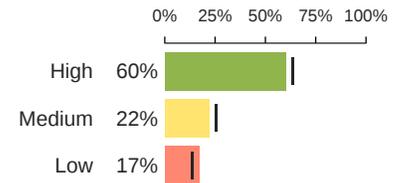
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

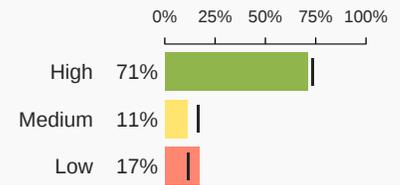
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

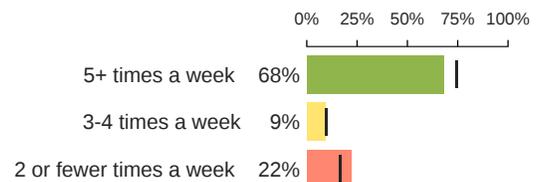
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

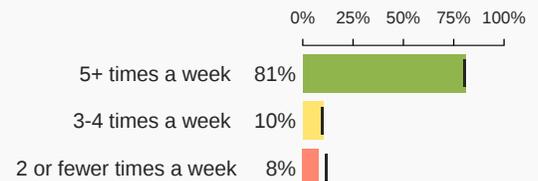
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



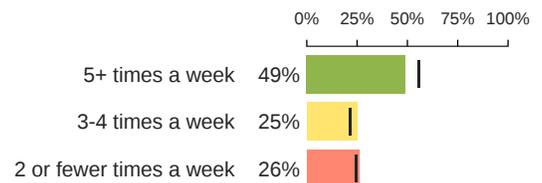
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

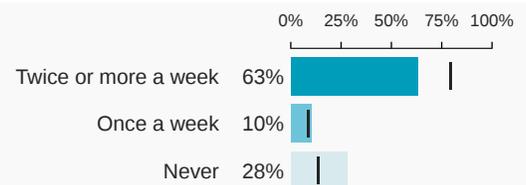


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

81%

I wish I could do additional activities

21%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

2%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	8
Music and arts	4
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	0
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	1

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	46
I have to go straight home after school	18
I am too busy	24
It costs too much	13
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	20
My parents do not approve	5
I don't know what's available	11
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	7
It is too difficult to get there	5
None of my friends are interested or want to go	10
The activity that I want is not offered	13
I have too much homework to do	13
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	9
It is not safe for me to go	1
Other	7

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	72%	14%	15%
Art or music lessons	78%	10%	13%
Youth organizations	93%	5%	2%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	67%	15%	18%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	54%	13%	34%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

72% Yes 7% No 21% Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



19%
Really care about me.



18%
Believe that I will be a success.



22%
Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

87% Yes 3% No 10% Don't know

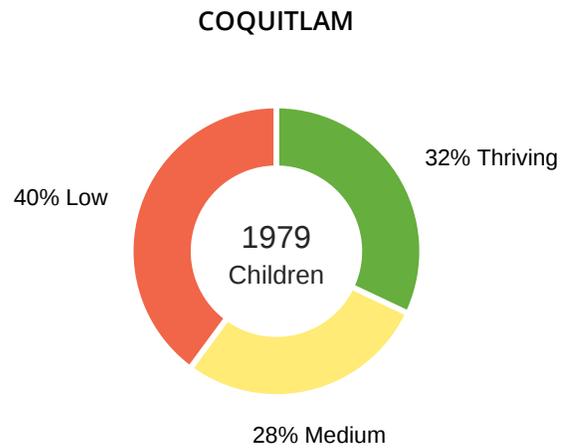
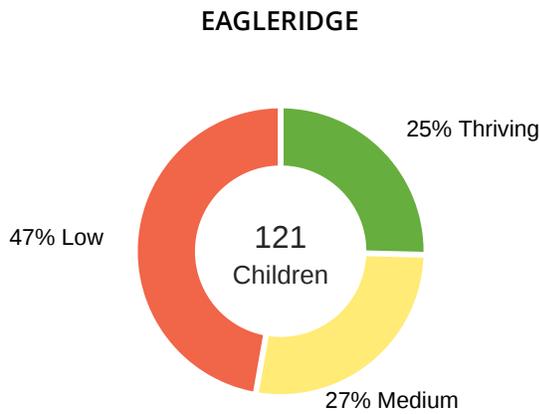


NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE EAGLERIDGE

COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 121

WELL-BEING INDEX

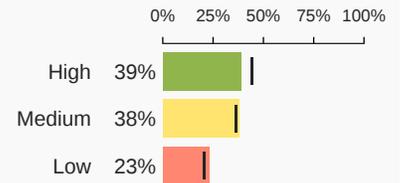


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

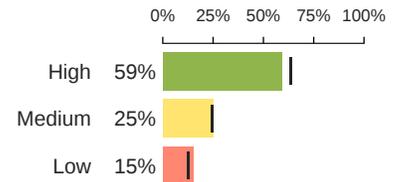
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



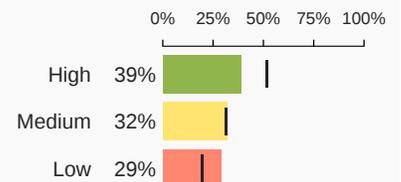
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



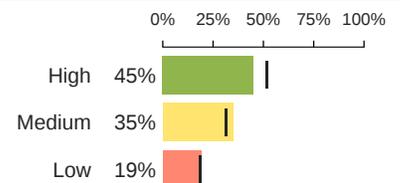
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



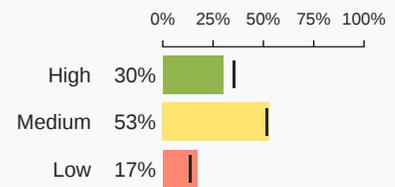
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



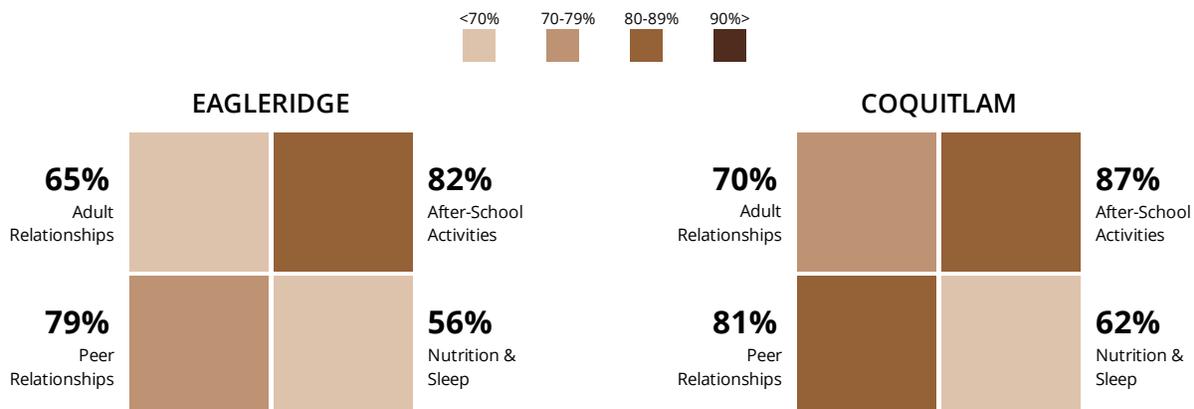
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



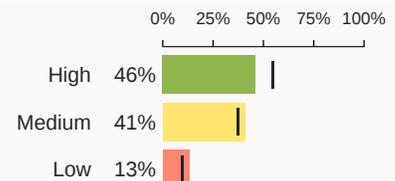
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

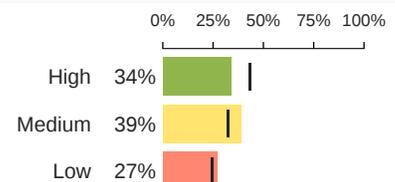
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



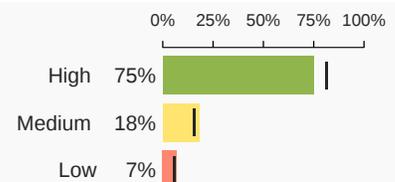
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

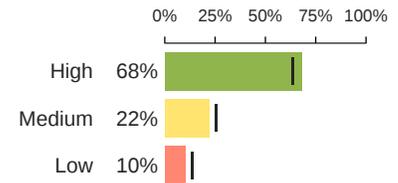
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

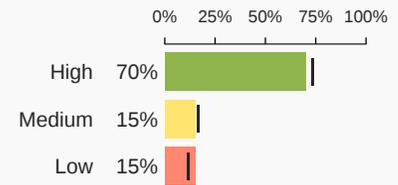
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

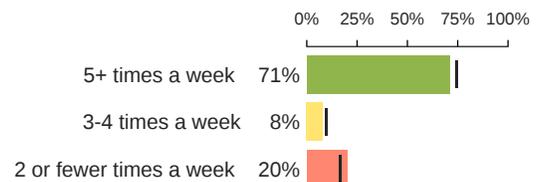
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

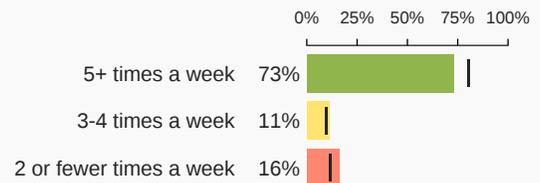
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



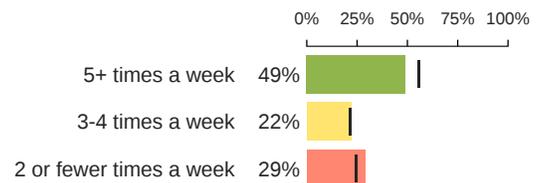
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

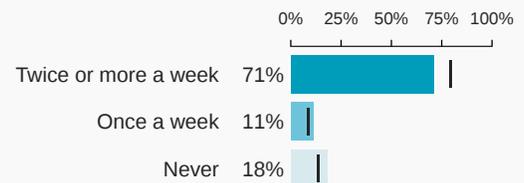


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

84%

I wish I could do additional activities

22%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

7%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	8
Music and arts	6
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	3
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	1

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	49
I have to go straight home after school	33
I am too busy	25
It costs too much	7
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	25
My parents do not approve	10
I don't know what's available	9
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	15
It is too difficult to get there	7
None of my friends are interested or want to go	20
The activity that I want is not offered	16
I have too much homework to do	30
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	15
It is not safe for me to go	4
Other	10

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	57%	25%	18%
Art or music lessons	57%	22%	21%
Youth organizations	75%	20%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	54%	19%	27%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	57%	11%	32%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

73%

Yes

8%

No

19%

Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



22%

Really care about me.



24%

Believe that I will be a success.



24%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

82%

Yes

5%

No

13%

Don't know



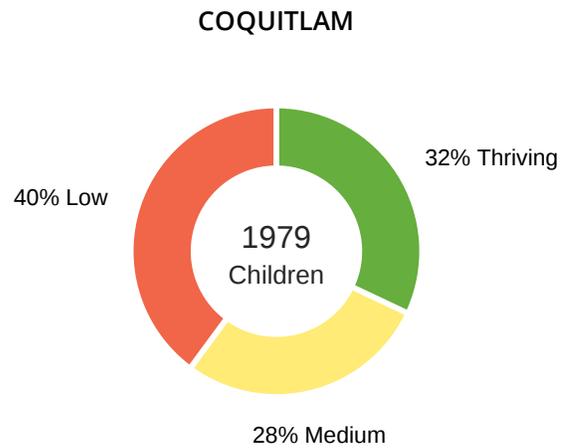
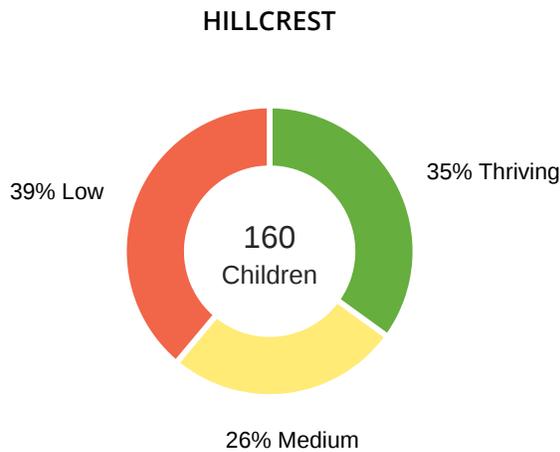
NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE

HILLCREST

COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 160

WELL-BEING INDEX

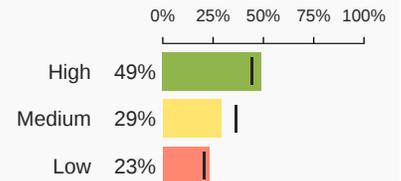


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

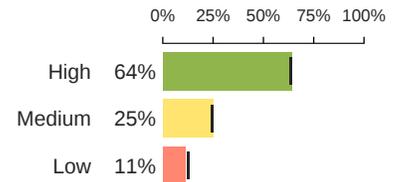
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



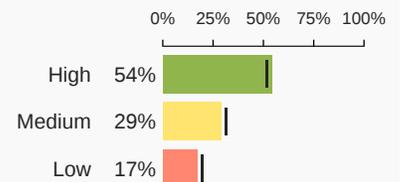
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



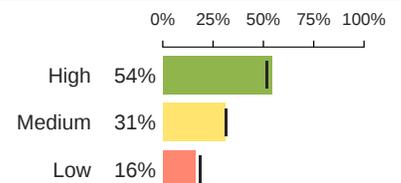
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



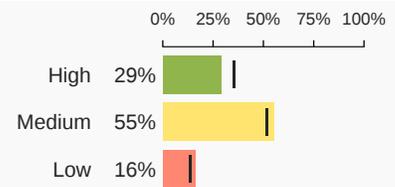
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



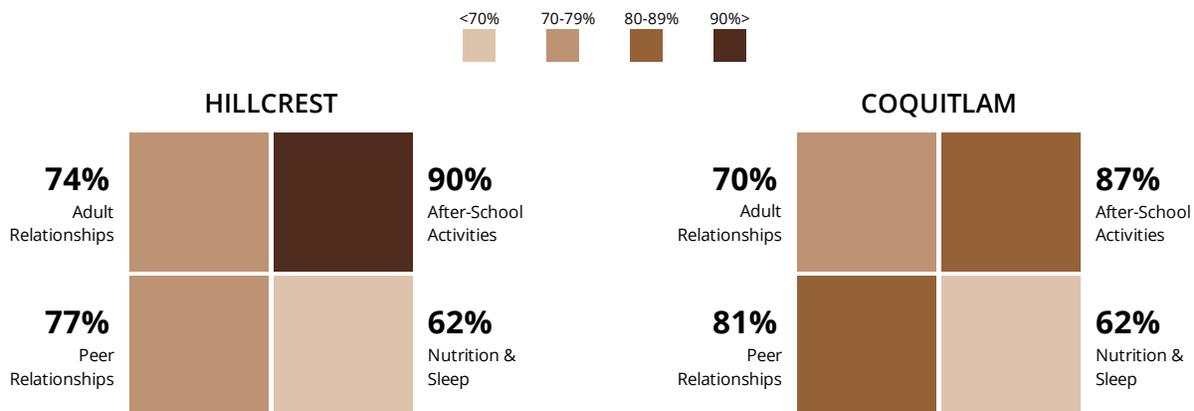
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



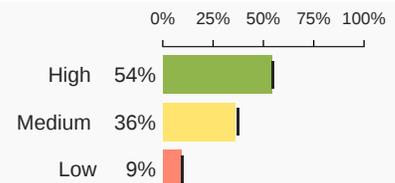
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

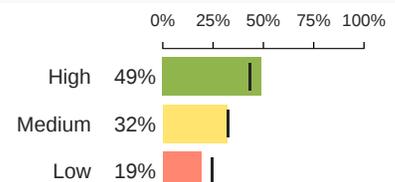
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



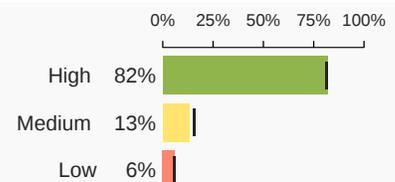
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

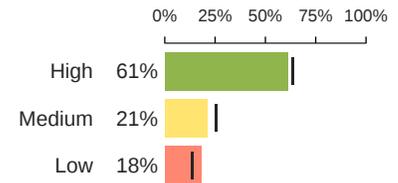
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

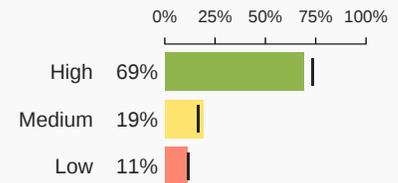
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

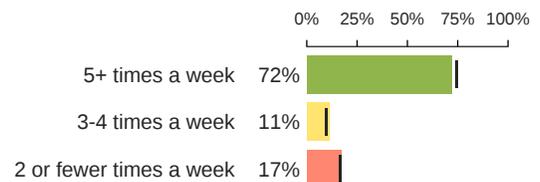
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

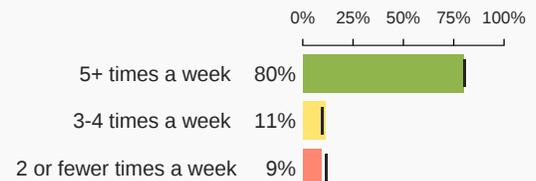
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



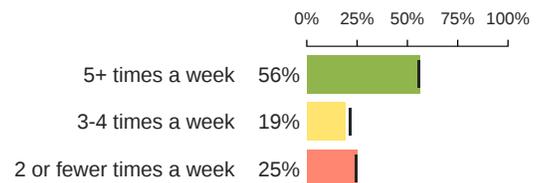
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

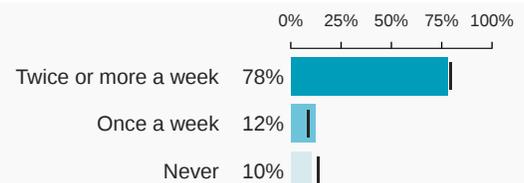


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

79%

I wish I could do additional activities

25%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

4%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	14
Music and arts	8
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	2
Free time/relaxing	4
Other	1

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	60
I have to go straight home after school	30
I am too busy	41
It costs too much	21
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	46
My parents do not approve	11
I don't know what's available	19
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	17
It is too difficult to get there	17
None of my friends are interested or want to go	26
The activity that I want is not offered	19
I have too much homework to do	29
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	18
It is not safe for me to go	2
Other	17

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	61%	21%	17%
Art or music lessons	69%	20%	12%
Youth organizations	82%	14%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	61%	13%	26%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	48%	9%	43%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

75% Yes 4% No 20% Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



26%

Really care about me.



26%

Believe that I will be a success.



23%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

84% Yes 4% No 12% Don't know



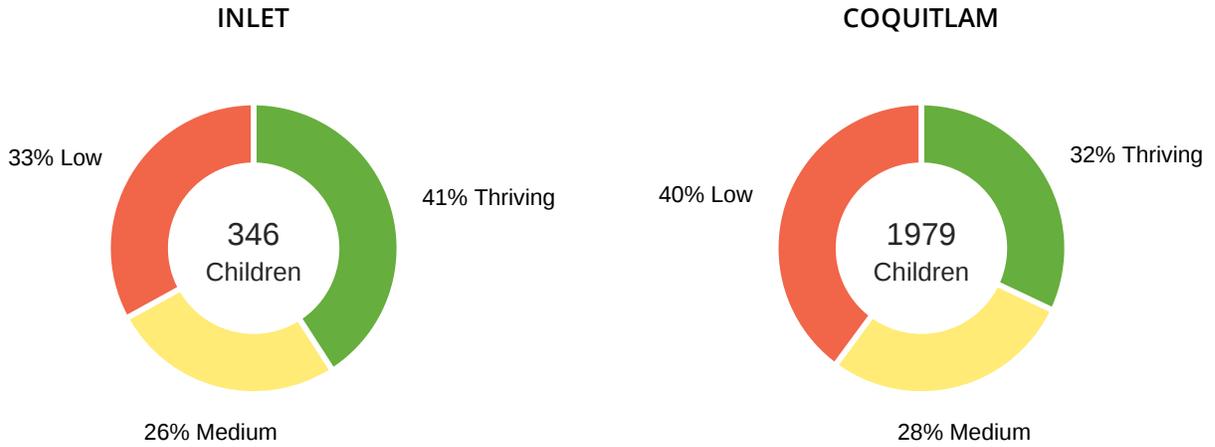
NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE

INLET

COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 346

WELL-BEING INDEX

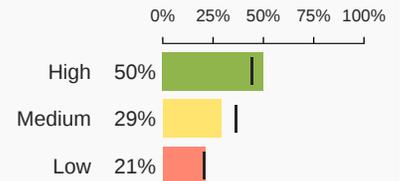


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

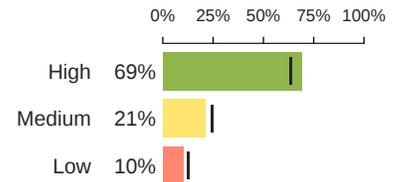
OPTIMISM

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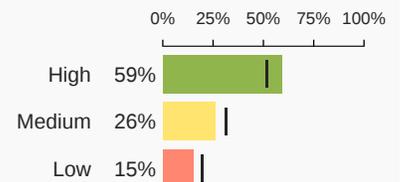
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



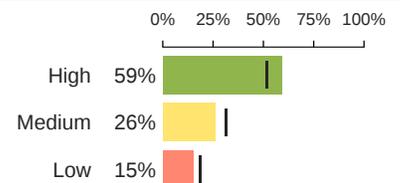
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



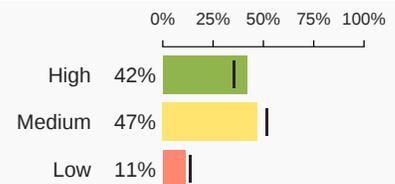
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



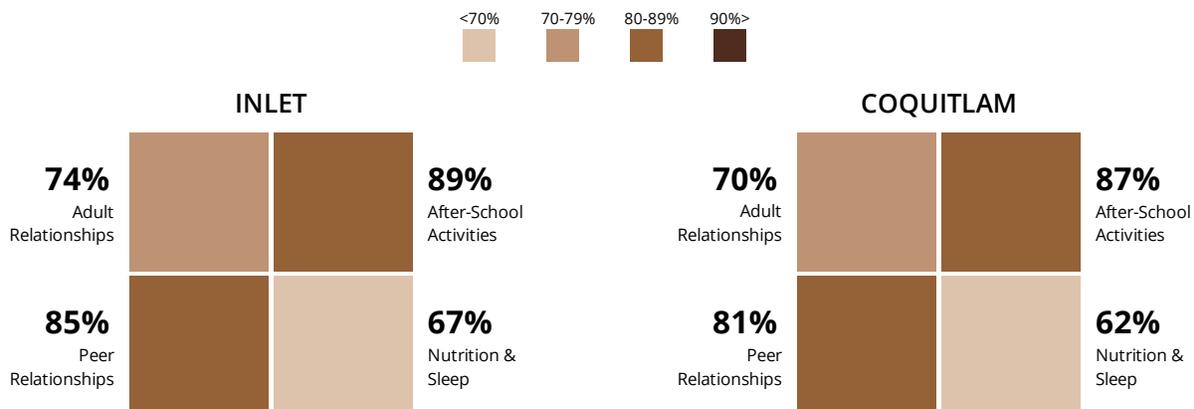
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



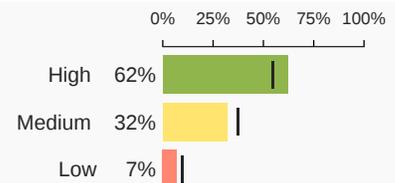
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

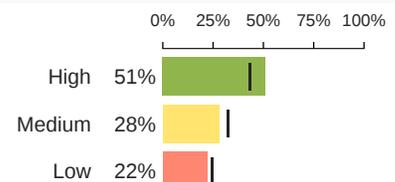
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



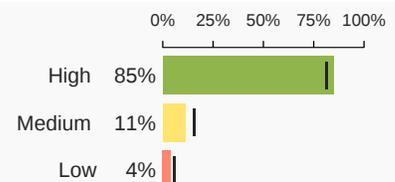
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

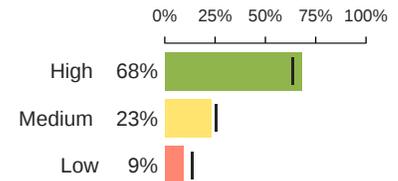
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

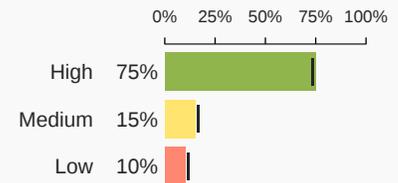
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

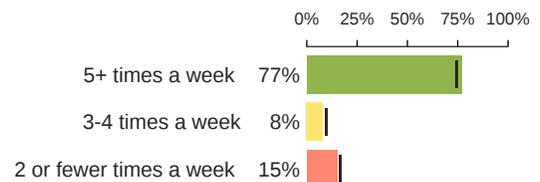
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

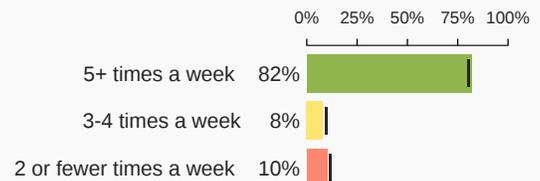
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



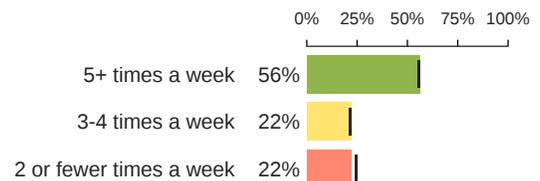
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

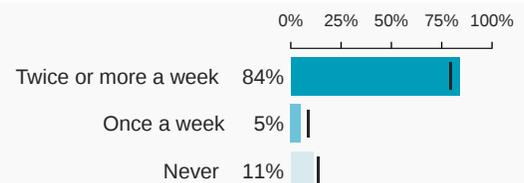


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

84%

I wish I could do additional activities

22%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

5%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	31
Music and arts	14
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	0
Free time/relaxing	3
Other	4

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	143
I have to go straight home after school	59
I am too busy	85
It costs too much	36
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	95
My parents do not approve	19
I don't know what's available	25
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	19
It is too difficult to get there	28
None of my friends are interested or want to go	57
The activity that I want is not offered	44
I have too much homework to do	55
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	35
It is not safe for me to go	8
Other	34

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	64%	15%	21%
Art or music lessons	62%	20%	18%
Youth organizations	86%	10%	4%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	55%	14%	31%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	43%	8%	50%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

79% Yes 5% No 16% Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



28%

Really care about me.



28%

Believe that I will be a success.



30%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

88% Yes 5% No 7% Don't know

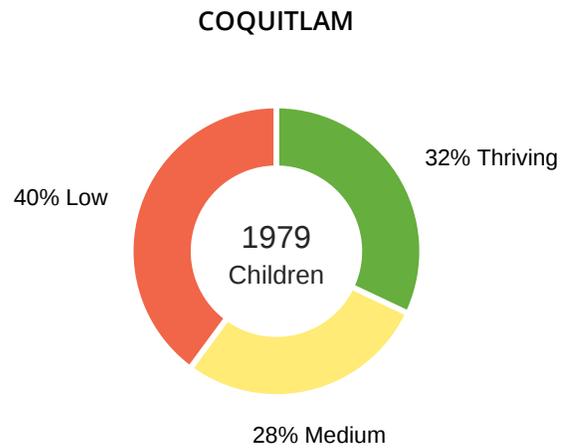
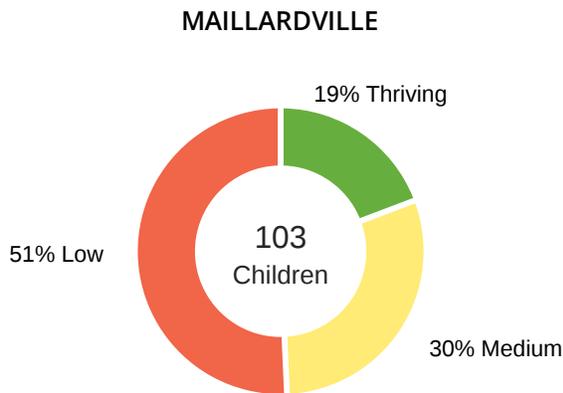


NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE MAILLARDVILLE

COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 103

WELL-BEING INDEX

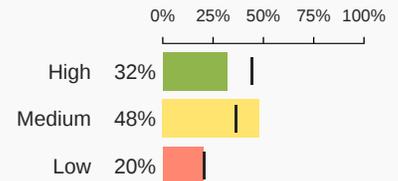


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

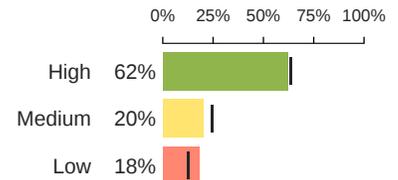
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



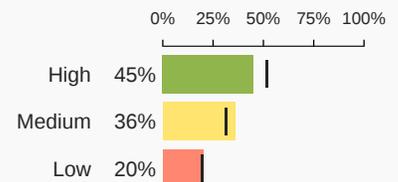
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Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



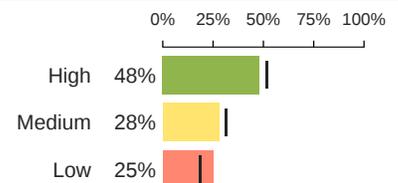
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



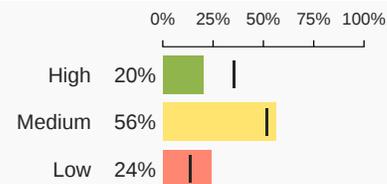
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



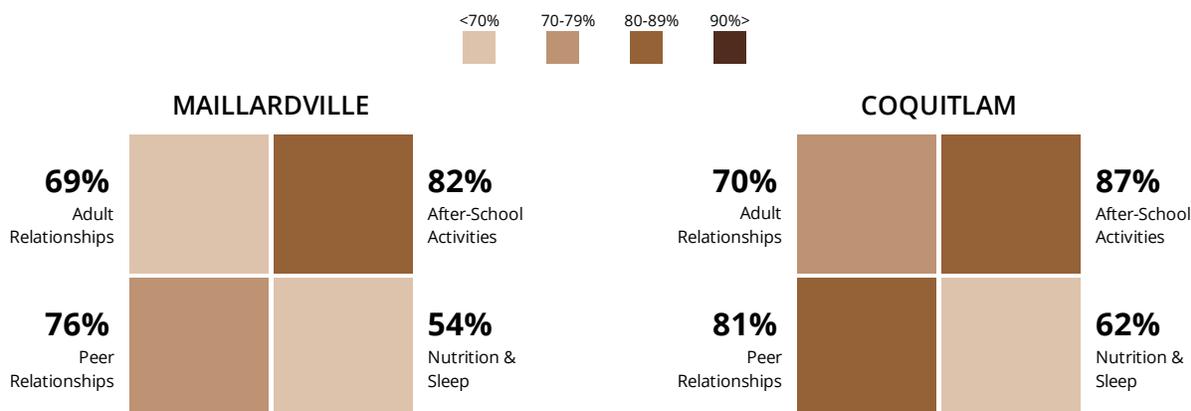
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



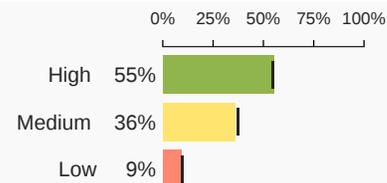
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

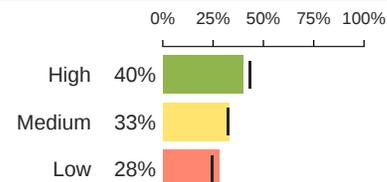
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



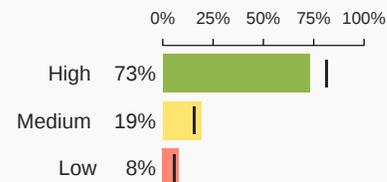
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

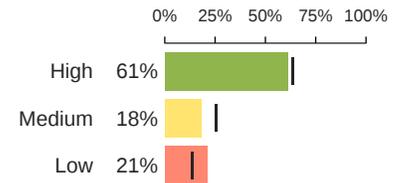
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PEER RELATIONSHIPS

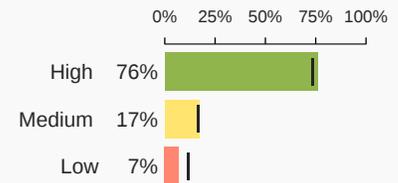
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

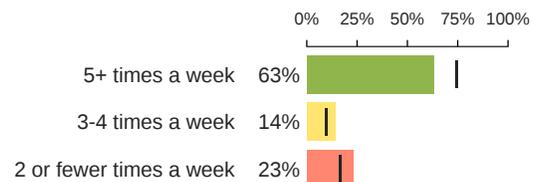
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

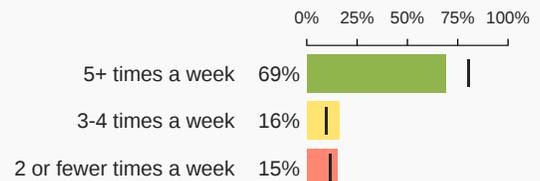
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



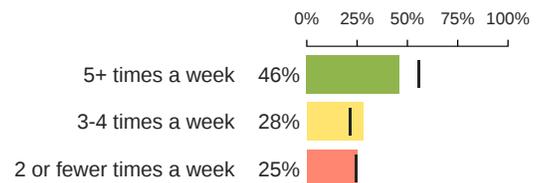
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

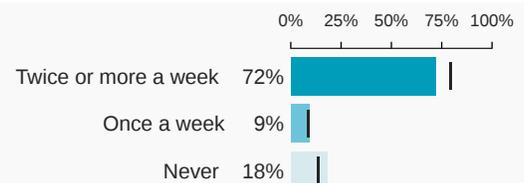


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

82%

I wish I could do additional activities

21%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

3%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	12
Music and arts	2
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	1
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	1

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	40
I have to go straight home after school	25
I am too busy	18
It costs too much	8
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	17
My parents do not approve	7
I don't know what's available	10
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	9
It is too difficult to get there	8
None of my friends are interested or want to go	21
The activity that I want is not offered	8
I have too much homework to do	17
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	15
It is not safe for me to go	3
Other	8

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	64%	16%	20%
Art or music lessons	65%	16%	18%
Youth organizations	82%	12%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	64%	10%	26%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	47%	12%	40%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

73%

Yes

3%

No

24%

Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



24%

Really care about me.



21%

Believe that I will be a success.



25%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

74%

Yes

7%

No

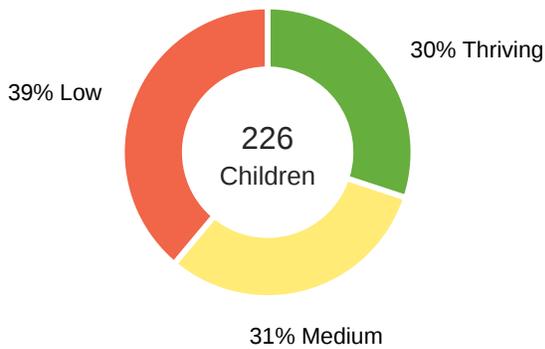
20%

Don't know

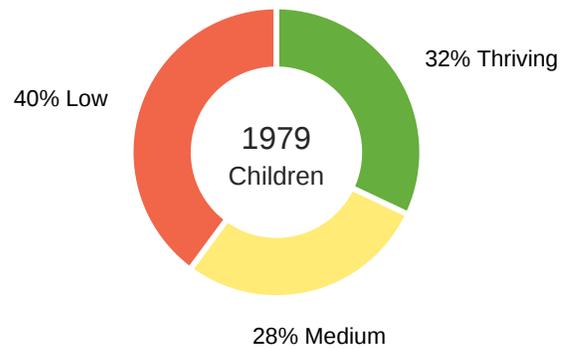


WELL-BEING INDEX

PORT COQUITLAM NORTH



COQUITLAM

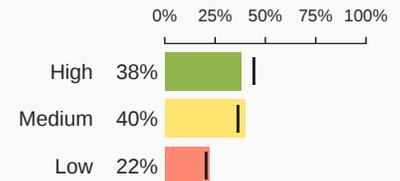


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

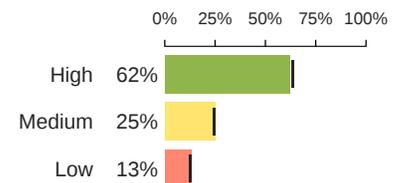
OPTIMISM

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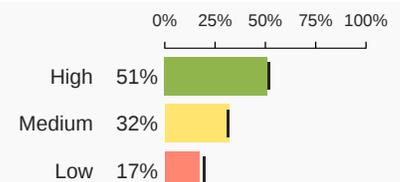
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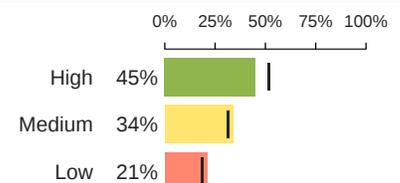
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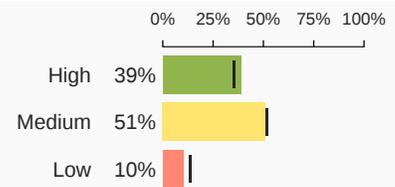
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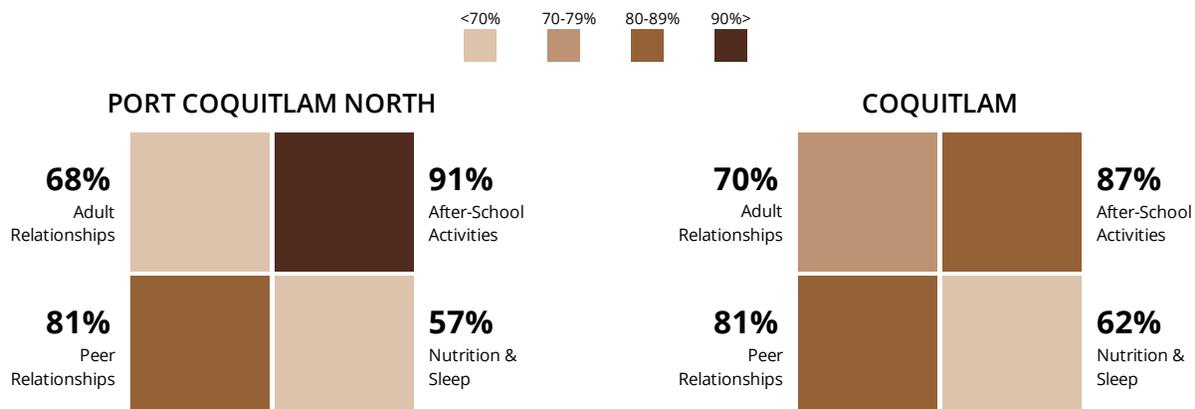
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



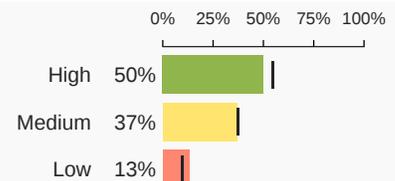
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

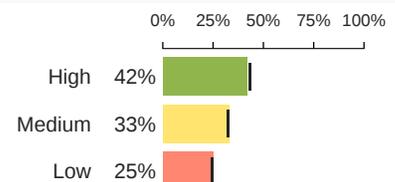
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

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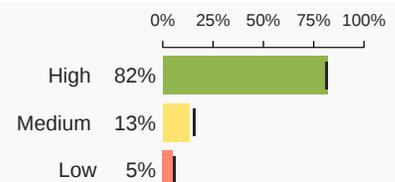
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

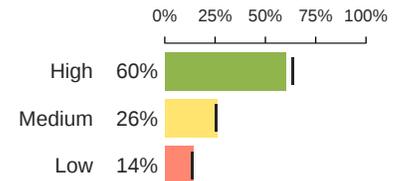
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PEER RELATIONSHIPS

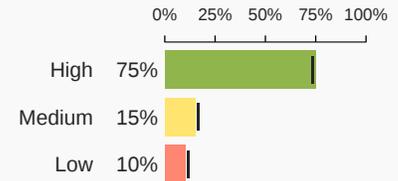
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

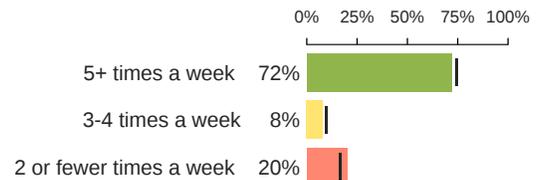
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

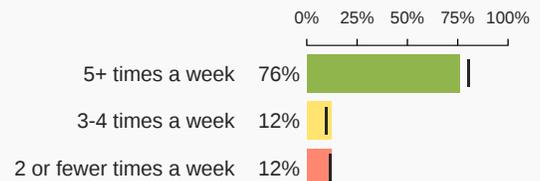
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



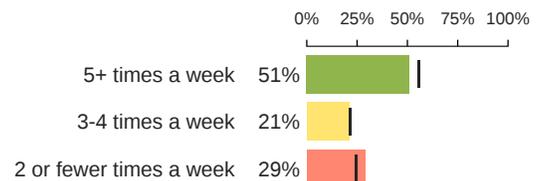
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

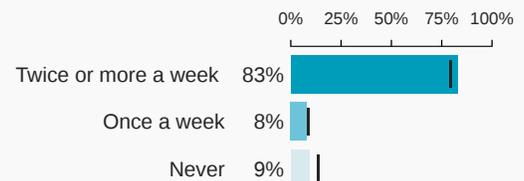


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

81%

I wish I could do additional activities

24%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

5%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	27
Music and arts	4
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	3
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	3

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	84
I have to go straight home after school	37
I am too busy	66
It costs too much	30
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	69
My parents do not approve	18
I don't know what's available	17
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	12
It is too difficult to get there	20
None of my friends are interested or want to go	45
The activity that I want is not offered	37
I have too much homework to do	48
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	25
It is not safe for me to go	5
Other	16

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	64%	18%	18%
Art or music lessons	62%	22%	17%
Youth organizations	81%	14%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	48%	15%	37%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	40%	10%	50%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:



COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



26%

Really care about me.



21%

Believe that I will be a success.



27%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:



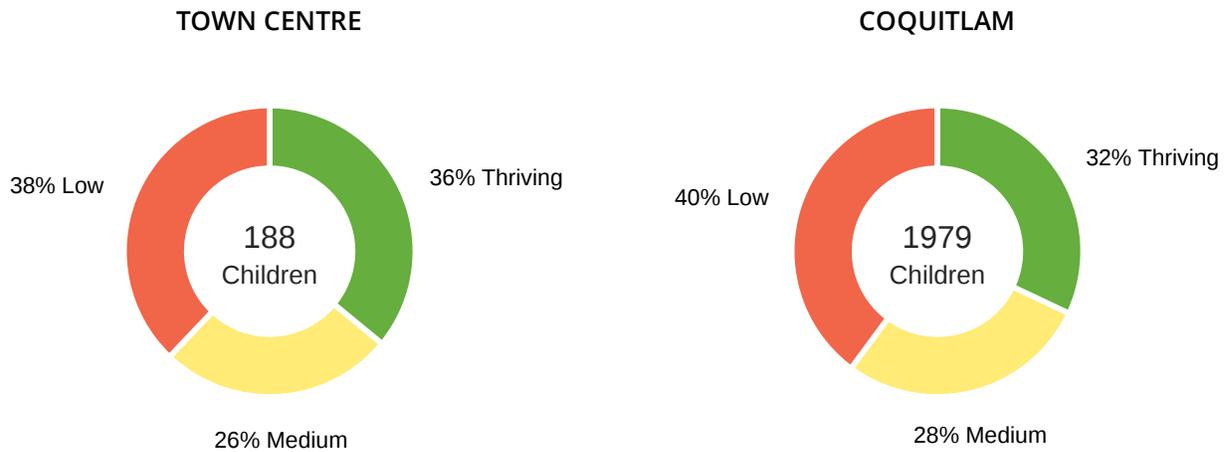


NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE TOWN CENTRE

COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 188

WELL-BEING INDEX

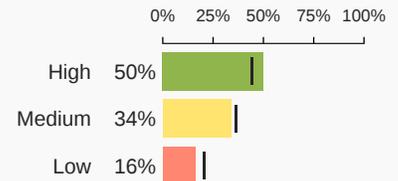


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

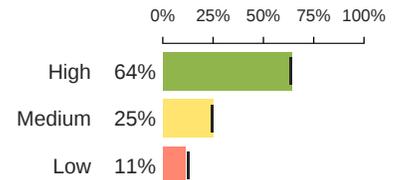
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



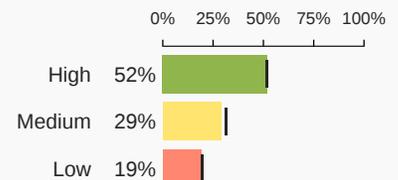
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



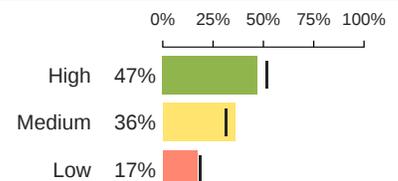
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



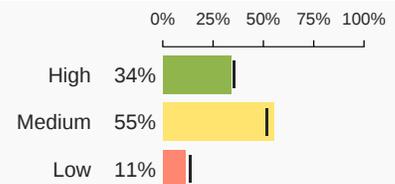
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



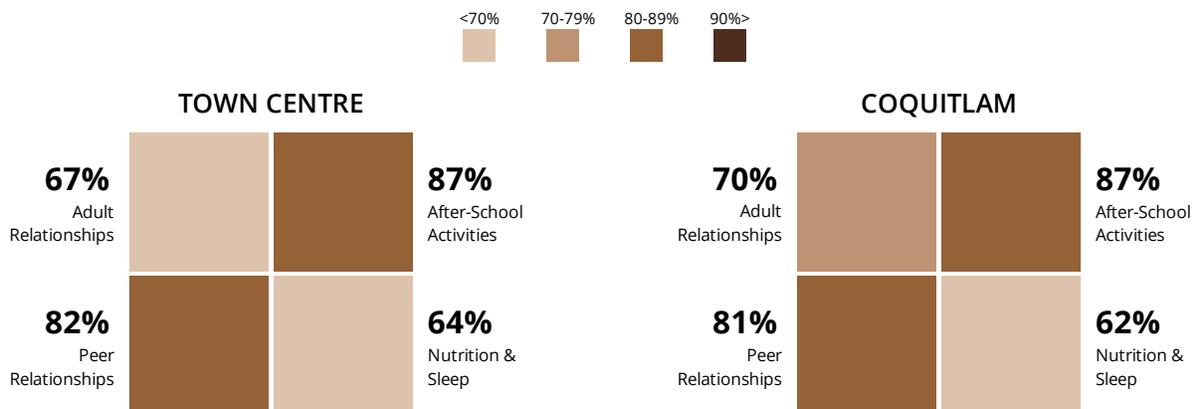
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



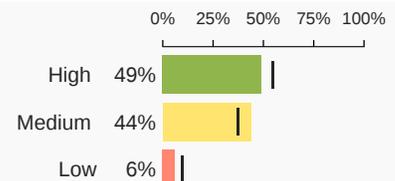
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

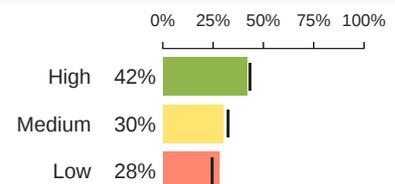
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



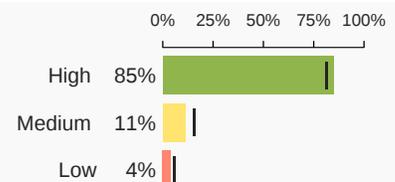
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

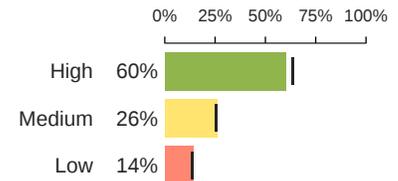
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

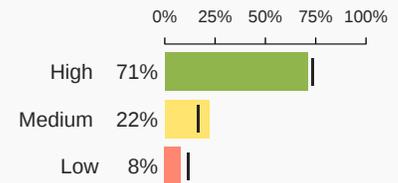
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

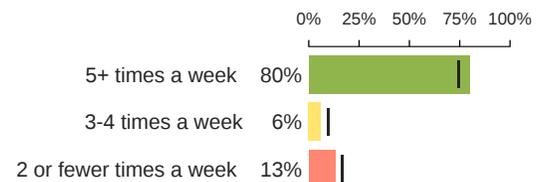
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

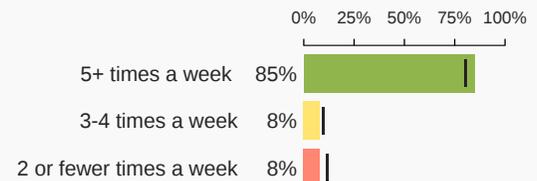
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



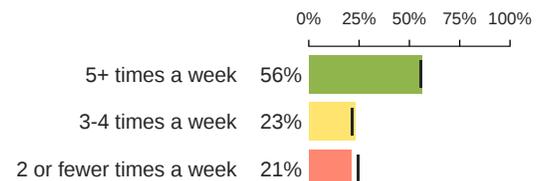
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

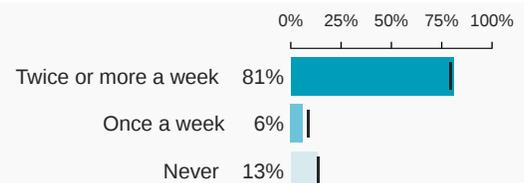


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

76%

I wish I could do additional activities

30%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

6%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	21
Music and arts	14
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	1
Free time/relaxing	3
Other	1

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	77
I have to go straight home after school	39
I am too busy	52
It costs too much	23
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	50
My parents do not approve	15
I don't know what's available	21
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	13
It is too difficult to get there	18
None of my friends are interested or want to go	34
The activity that I want is not offered	30
I have too much homework to do	41
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	19
It is not safe for me to go	6
Other	12

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	57%	15%	28%
Art or music lessons	53%	26%	20%
Youth organizations	84%	10%	6%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	59%	15%	26%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	53%	16%	31%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

75%

Yes

4%

No

21%

Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



22%

Really care about me.



23%

Believe that I will be a success.



23%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

82%

Yes

4%

No

15%

Don't know



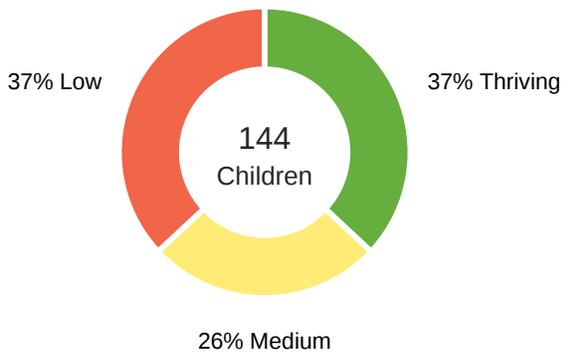
NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE WESTWOOD PLATEAU

COQUITLAM

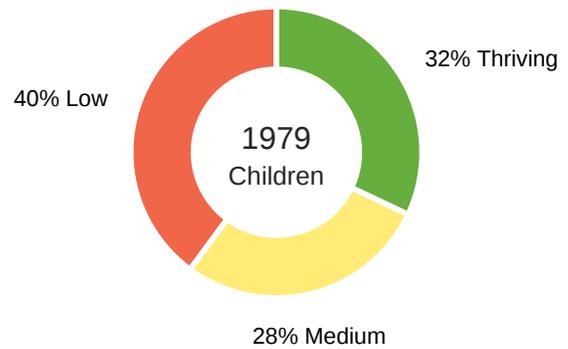
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 144

WELL-BEING INDEX

WESTWOOD PLATEAU



COQUITLAM

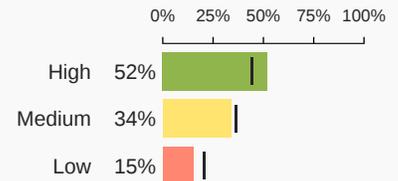


MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

| School District Average

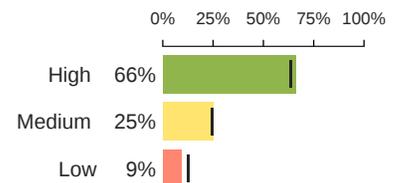
OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."



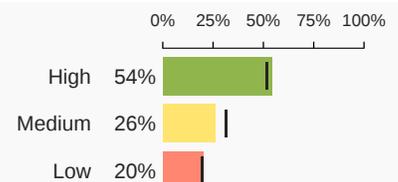
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."



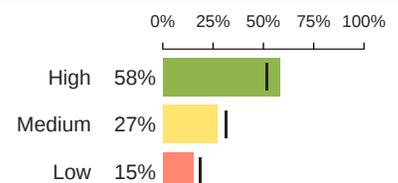
HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



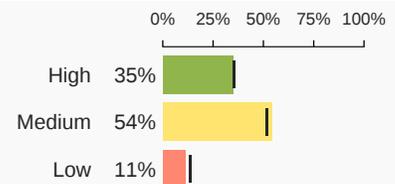
ABSENCE OF SADNESS

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



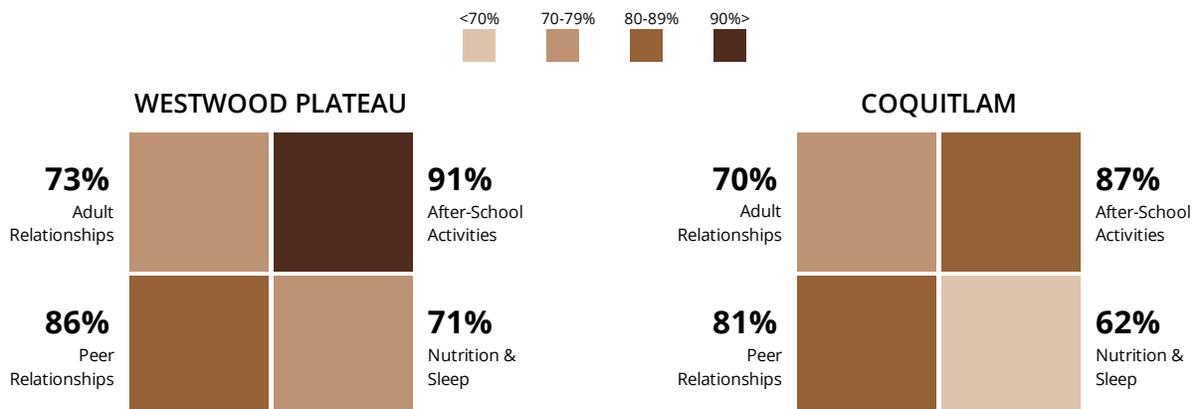
GENERAL HEALTH

Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"



ASSETS INDEX

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



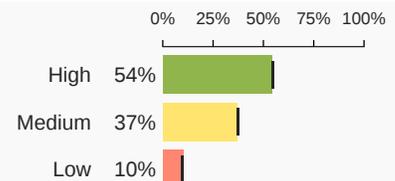
MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

| School District Average

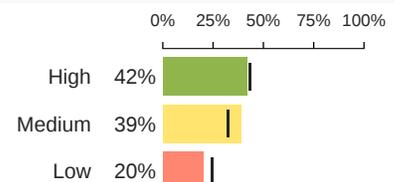
ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."



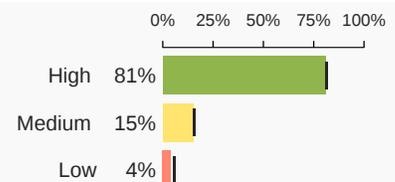
ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."



ADULTS AT HOME

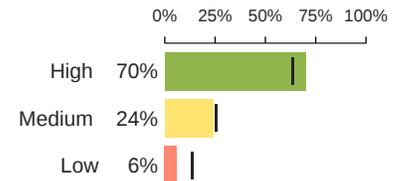
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



PEER RELATIONSHIPS

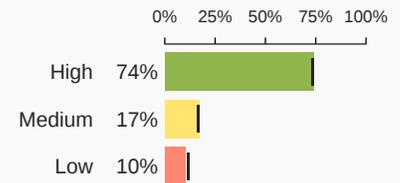
PEER BELONGING

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY

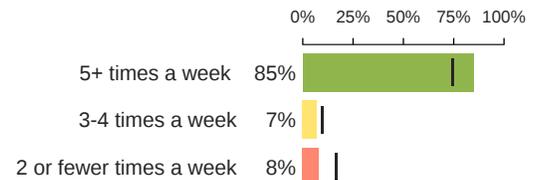
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I have a friend I can tell everything to."



NUTRITION AND SLEEP

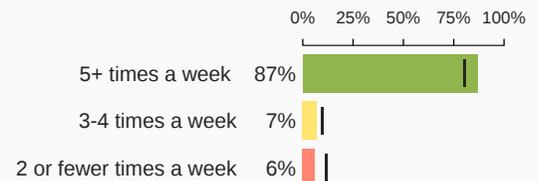
EATING BREAKFAST

Children are asked, "How often do you eat breakfast?"



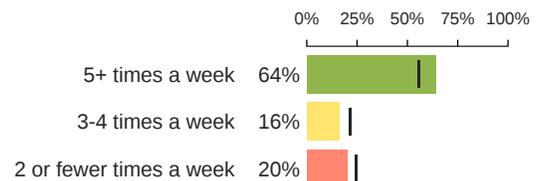
MEALS WITH ADULTS AT HOME

Children are asked, "How often do your parents or other adult family members eat meals with you?"



FREQUENCY OF GOOD SLEEP

Children are asked, "How often do you get a good night's sleep?"

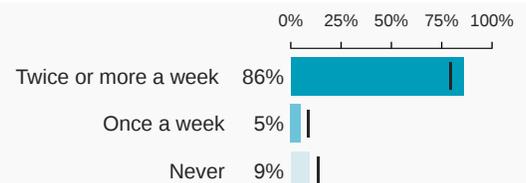


AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY

Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured and supervised by an adult. (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice)



USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

85%

I wish I could do additional activities

25%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

10%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

WISHES

	(Number of students)
Computer/Video Games/TV	0
Friends and playing	0
Physical and/or outdoor activities	17
Music and arts	8
Time with family at home	0
Work related activities/volunteering	3
Free time/relaxing	0
Other	2

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of students)
I have no barriers	50
I have to go straight home after school	30
I am too busy	44
It costs too much	16
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	45
My parents do not approve	10
I don't know what's available	25
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	9
It is too difficult to get there	19
None of my friends are interested or want to go	26
The activity that I want is not offered	21
I have too much homework to do	31
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	19
It is not safe for me to go	1
Other	12

AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm-6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	63%	11%	26%
Art or music lessons	47%	30%	23%
Youth organizations	83%	13%	4%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	44%	23%	33%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	50%	10%	40%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

70% Yes 6% No 23% Don't know

COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



24%

Really care about me.



24%

Believe that I will be a success.



25%

Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

85% Yes 3% No 12% Don't know